## Meet The Professor Immunotherapy and Novel Agents in Gynecologic Cancers

### Michael J Birrer, MD, PhD

Vice Chancellor, UAMS Director, Winthrop P Rockefeller Cancer Institute Director, Cancer Service Line University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences Little Rock, Arkansas



#### **Commercial Support**

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#### **Dr Love — Disclosures**

**Dr Love** is president and CEO of Research To Practice. Research To Practice receives funds in the form of educational grants to develop CME activities from the following companies: AbbVie Inc, Adaptive Biotechnologies Corporation, Agios Pharmaceuticals Inc, Alexion Pharmaceuticals, Amgen Inc, Array BioPharma Inc, a subsidiary of Pfizer Inc, Astellas, AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP, Aveo Pharmaceuticals, Bayer HealthCare Pharmaceuticals, BeiGene Ltd, Blueprint Medicines, Boehringer Ingelheim Pharmaceuticals Inc, Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, Celgene Corporation, Clovis Oncology, Daiichi Sankyo Inc, Eisai Inc, Epizyme Inc, Exact Sciences Inc, Exelixis Inc, Five Prime Therapeutics Inc, Foundation Medicine, Genentech, a member of the Roche Group, Gilead Sciences Inc, GlaxoSmithKline, Grail Inc, Halozyme Inc, Helsinn Healthcare SA, ImmunoGen Inc, Incyte Corporation, Ipsen Biopharmaceuticals Inc, Janssen Biotech Inc, administered by Janssen Scientific Affairs LLC, Jazz Pharmaceuticals Inc, Karyopharm Therapeutics, Kite, A Gilead Company, Lilly, Loxo Oncology Inc, a wholly owned subsidiary of Eli Lilly & Company, Merck, Novartis, Novocure Inc, Oncopeptides, Pfizer Inc, Pharmacyclics LLC, an AbbVie Company, Puma Biotechnology Inc, Regeneron Pharmaceuticals Inc, Sanofi Genzyme, Seagen Inc, Sumitomo Dainippon Pharma Oncology Inc, Taiho Oncology Inc, Takeda Oncology, Tesaro, A GSK Company, Turning Point Therapeutics Inc and Verastem Inc.



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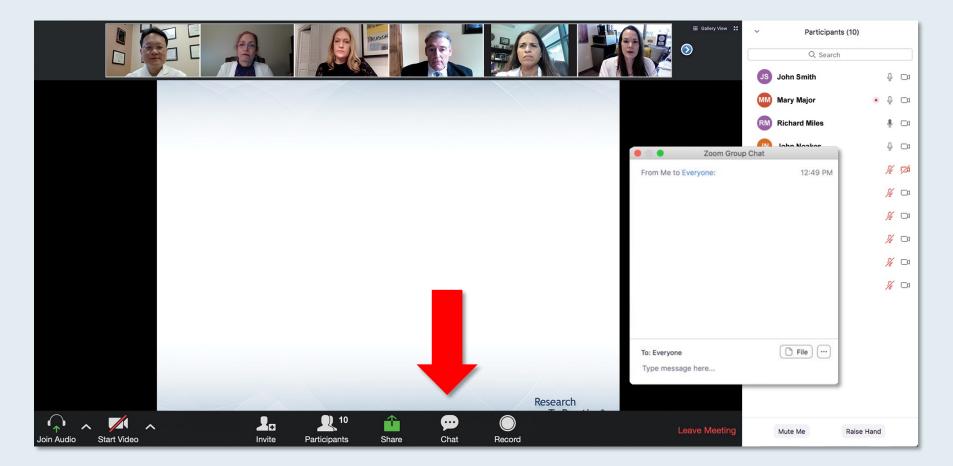


### **Dr Birrer — Disclosures**

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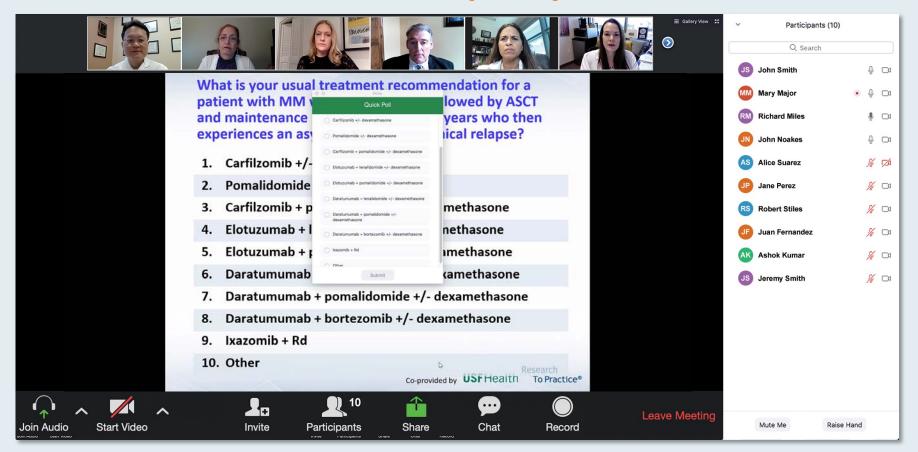
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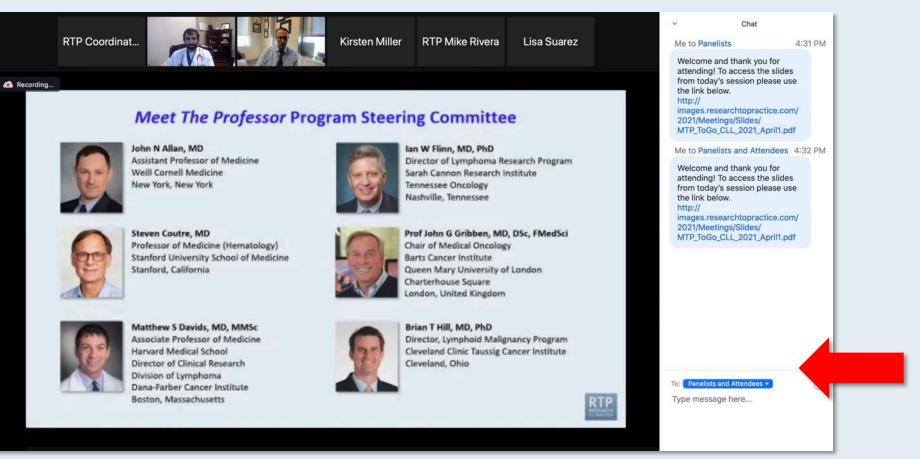


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#### **Familiarizing Yourself with the Zoom Interface**

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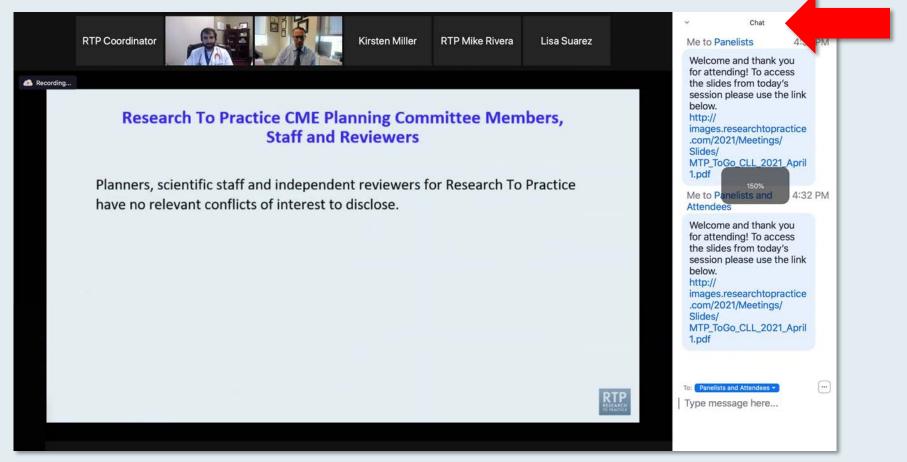


Drag the white line above the submission box up to create more space for your message.



### **Familiarizing Yourself with the Zoom Interface**

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## **ONCOLOGY TODAY** WITH DR NEIL LOVE

# PARP Inhibitors in Ovarian Cancer

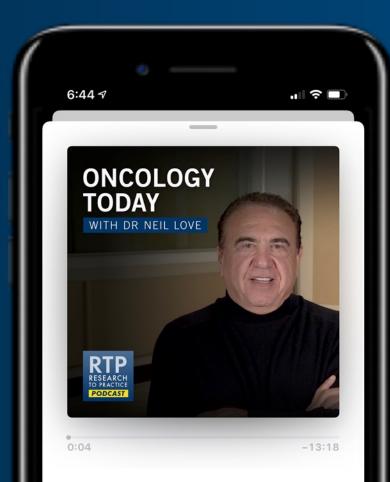


#### DR ANTONIO GONZÁLEZ-MARTÍN Clínica universidad de navarra









Dr Antonio González-Martín PARP Inhi Oncology Today with Dr Neil Love —

(15) (30)

Current Concepts and Recent Advances in Oncology A Daylong Clinical Summit Hosted in Partnership with Medical Oncology Association of Southern California (MOASC)

> Saturday, May 15, 2021 10:30 AM – 6:30 PM ET



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Wednesday, May 19, 2021 5:00 PM – 6:00 PM ET

> Faculty Brian I Rini, MD

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Up for Debate: Oncology Investigators Provide Their Take on Current Controversies in Patient Care A Daylong Multitumor Educational Webinar in Partnership with Florida Cancer Specialists

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### Thank you for joining us!

### CME and MOC credit information will be emailed to each participant within 5 business days.



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Vice Chancellor, UAMS Director, Winthrop P Rockefeller Cancer Institute Director, Cancer Service Line University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences Little Rock, Arkansas



### Meet The Professor Program Participating Faculty



Michael J Birrer, MD, PhD Vice Chancellor, UAMS Director, Winthrop P Rockefeller Cancer Institute Director, Cancer Service Line University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences Little Rock, Arkansas



#### Bradley J Monk, MD

Professor, Division of Gynecologic Oncology Arizona Oncology (US Oncology Network) University of Arizona College of Medicine Creighton University School of Medicine at St Joseph's Hospital Medical Director, US Oncology Network (McKesson) Gynecologic Program Co-Director, GOG Partners Member, Board of Directors, GOG Foundation Phoenix, Arizona



**Robert L Coleman, MD** Chief Scientific Officer US Oncology Research Gynecologic Oncology The Woodlands, Texas



Gottfried E Konecny, MD Professor-in-Residence Division of Hematology-Oncology Department of Medicine, David Geffen School of Medicine UCLA Medical Center Los Angeles, California



Ana Oaknin, MD, PhD Head of Gynaecologic Cancer Programme Vall d'Hebron Institute of Oncology Hospital Universitari Vall d'Hebron Vall d'Hebron Barcelona Hospital Campus Barcelona, Spain



### **Meet The Professor Program Participating Faculty**



#### David M O'Malley, MD

Professor Division Director, Gynecologic Oncology Co-Director, Gyn Oncology Phase I Program The Ohio State University and The James Cancer Center Columbus, Ohio



Brian M Slomovitz, MD Professor, Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology Florida International University Miami, Florida



**Richard T Penson, MD, MRCP** Associate Professor of Medicine Harvard Medical School Clinical Director, Medical Gynecologic Oncology Massachusetts General Hospital Boston, Massachusetts



Krishnansu S Tewari, MD Professor and Division Director Division of Gynecologic Oncology University of California, Irvine Irvine, California



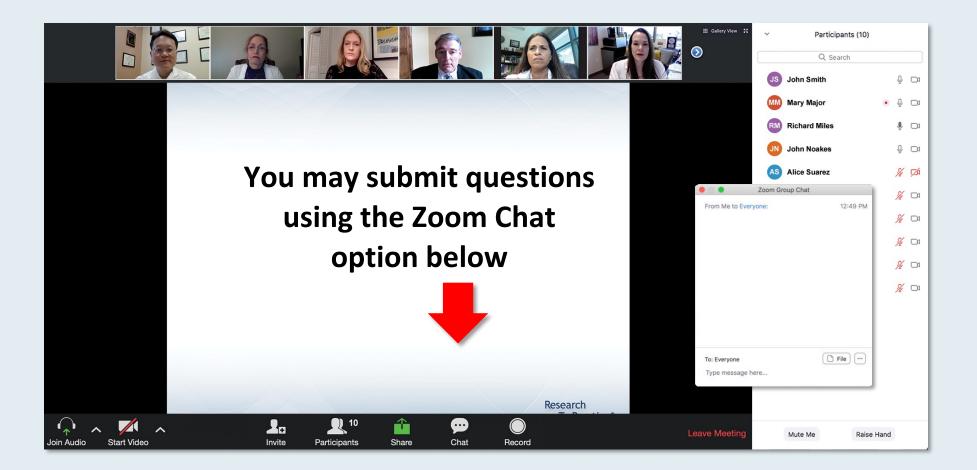
Matthew A Powell, MD **Professor and Chief** Division of Gynecologic Oncology Washington University School of Medicine St Louis, Missouri



**Professor Ignace Vergote** Chairman, Department of Obstetrics and Gynaecology **Gynaecological Oncologist** Leuven Cancer Institute University Hospital Leuven Leuven, Belgium



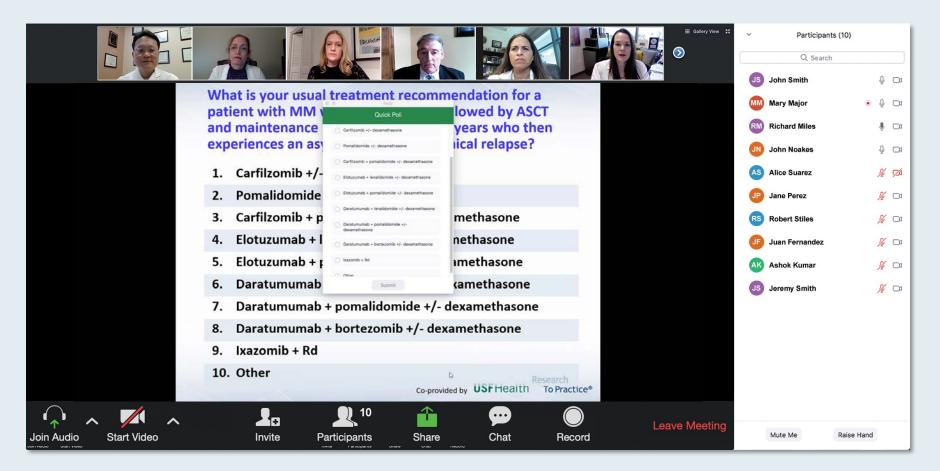
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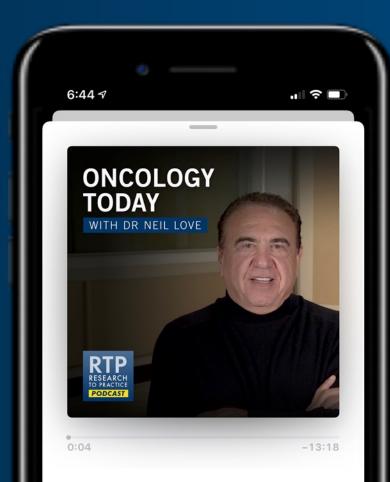


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Vice Chancellor, UAMS Director, Winthrop P Rockefeller Cancer Institute Director, Cancer Service Line University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences Little Rock, Arkansas





### Heidi E Godoy, DO

Women's Cancer Care Associates Albany, New York



#### Richard T Penson, MD, MRCP

Associate Professor of Medicine Harvard Medical School Clinical Director, Medical Gynecologic Oncology Massachusetts General Hospital Boston, Massachusetts



#### Bhavana Pothuri, MD

Professor, Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology Division of Gynecologic Oncology New York University Grossman School of Medicine New York, New York



### **Meet The Professor with Dr Birrer**

#### **MODULE 1: Cases from General Medical and Gynecologic Oncology Practices**

- Dr Pothuri: A 59-year-old woman with MSI-high metastatic endometrial cancer
- Dr Penson: A 56-year-old woman who underwent renal transplant and developed metastatic endometrial cancer (Parts 1 and 2)
- Dr Pothuri: A 61-year-old woman with HER2-positive metastatic endometrial cancer
- Dr Godoy: A 26-year-old woman with Stage IIIC1 squamous cell carcinoma of the cervix PD-L1 TPS 20

MODULE 2: Beyond the Guidelines – Clinical Investigator Approaches to Common Clinical Scenarios

**MODULE 3: Gynecologic Oncology Journal Club with Dr Birrer** 

**MODULE 4: Key Recent Data Sets** 



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## Case Presentation – Dr Pothuri: A 59-year-old woman with MSI-high metastatic endometrial cancer

- 2015: Stage IIIA, grade 3 endometrial cancer, s/p hysterectomy, BSO, pelvic and para-aortic LND → carboplatin/paclitaxel x 6 and vaginal cuff RT
- 3/2020: Recurrence in right adrenal gland s/p adrenalectomy
  - Pathology: Metastatic adenocarcinoma c/w endometrial cancer, loss of PMS2
  - Germline genetic testing: Negative, MSI-high, TMB 43 mut/Mb
- 5/2020 CT: New right paratracheal and left perihilar nodes
- Pembrolizumab x 8 and ongoing
  - 9/2020: No evidence of disease

#### Questions

- Would you offer adjuvant therapy to a patient with isolated disease that's been completely resected?
- Would you treat with chemotherapy or with immunotherapy, given the MSI-high tumor with high TMB?
- My practice is to treat with pembrolizumab 400 mg IV q 6 weeks, due to the ease of schedule for patients. What are you doing in your practice?



Dr Bhavana Pothuri

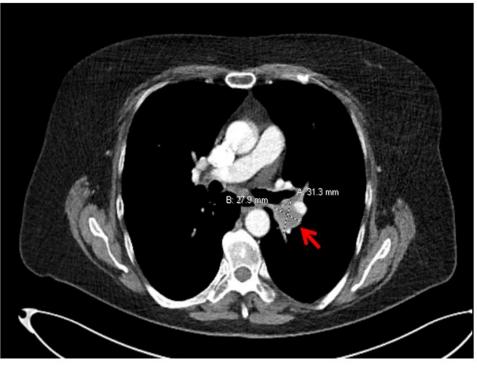


# Case Presentation – Dr Pothuri: A 59-year-old woman with MSI-high metastatic endometrial cancer (cont)



Dr Bhavana Pothuri

#### S/p right adrenalectomy: involvement of mediastinal and hilar lymph nodes



CT 5/4/20: Left perihilar nodal mass (1.6x1.3 cm).

#### **Complete response after Pembrolizumab C3**



**CT 9/4/20:** Complete interval resolution of the prior left hilar lymphadenopathy.



## Case Presentation – Dr Penson: A 56-year-old woman who underwent renal transplant and developed metastatic endometrial cancer (Part 1)

- 2015: Renal transplant
- Presents with vaginal bleeding → Endometrioid endometrial carcinoma with peritoneal and omental metastases
- 2017: Carboplatin/paclitaxel, with good response
- 2018: Recurrence, re-treated with carboplatin/paclitaxel and megestrol acetate
- 2019: Added letrozole/everolimus
- Testing: Mutations in TP53, PTEN, PIK3CA and FGFR2; amplifications in CCNE1, MYCN, FGF12
- Pembrolizumab/lenvatinib

#### Questions

• Have you ever treated a patient with a history of renal transplant, where the only good option is immunotherapy and you pulled the trigger on that option in that setting?



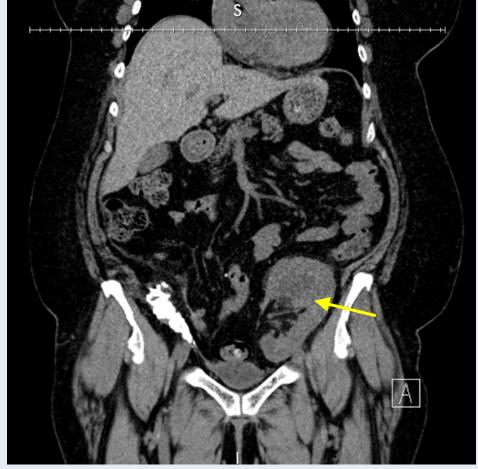
**Dr Richard Penson** 



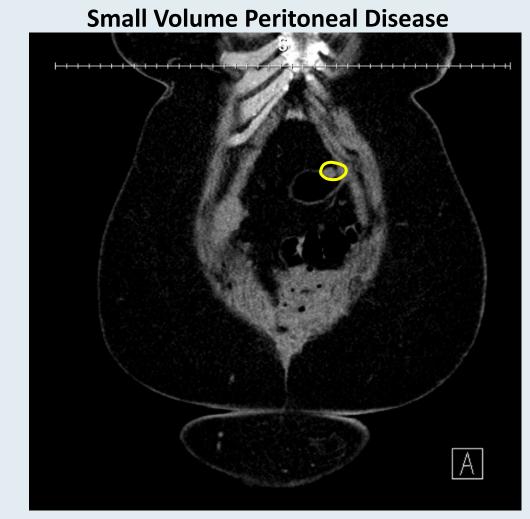
Case Presentation – Dr Penson: A 56-year-old woman who underwent renal transplant and developed metastatic endometrial cancer (continued)



**Dr Richard Penson** 



#### Kidney Transplant





## Case Presentation – Dr Penson: A 56-year-old woman who underwent renal transplant and developed metastatic endometrial cancer (Part 2)

- 2015: Renal transplant
- Presents with vaginal bleeding → Endometrioid endometrial carcinoma with peritoneal and omental metastases
- 2017: Carboplatin/paclitaxel, with good response
- 2018: Recurrence, re-treated with carboplatin/paclitaxel and megestrol acetate
- 2019: Added letrozole/everolimus
- Testing: Mutations in TP53, PTEN, PIK3CA and FGFR2; amplifications in CCNE1, MYCN, FGF12
- Pembrolizumab/lenvatinib

#### Questions

• Have you observed the anorexia and weight loss that often happens with lenvatinib, and do you have any good strategies to help these patients?



**Dr Richard Penson** 



## Case Presentation – Dr Pothuri: A 61-year-old woman with HER2-positive metastatic endometrial cancer



Dr Bhavana Pothuri

- 1/2019: Diagnosed with Stage IV serous endometrial carcinoma with peritoneal implants and thoracic lymph node metastases
  - Pathology: MMR proficient, HER2-positive
- Neoadjuvant carboplatin/paclitaxel/trastuzumab x 4  $\rightarrow$  TAH/BSO omentectomy, ureterolysis
- Optimal interval cytoreduction
- Carboplatin/paclitaxel/trastuzumab x 4
- 9/2019: Maintenance trastuzumab and vaginal brachytherapy
- 11/2020: New pelvic masses
- 12/2020: Clinical trial of TKI and checkpoint inhibitor
  - Developed new Sjogren's syndrome after 1 cycle of immunotherapy
  - Discontinued immunotherapy, high-dose steroids, supportive treatment
  - Plan to reintroduce checkpoint inhibitor therapy after steroid taper



## Case Presentation – Dr Pothuri: A 61-year-old woman with HER2-positive metastatic endometrial cancer

S/p Chemo treatment



**CT 9/5/19:** Stable left perirectal implant measuring 2.8 x 1.0 cm

#### S/p C6 Trastuzumab Maintenance



CT 1/29/20: Previously seen left perirectal implant not seen



Dr Bhavana Pothuri



## Case Presentation – Dr Godoy: A 26-year-old woman with Stage IIIC1 squamous cell carcinoma of the cervix – PD-L1 TPS 20



Dr Heidi Godoy

- 9/2019: Presents with vaginal bleeding and is found to be pregnant 8 + 6 weeks
   Elective termination of pregnancy
- 10/2019: Diagnosed with Stage IIIC1 squamous cell carcinoma of the cervix (PD-L1 TPS 20)
- Carboplatin/paclitaxel x 3  $\rightarrow$  Pelvic RT  $\rightarrow$  Carboplatin/paclitaxel/bevacizumab
- Pembrolizumab x 2  $\rightarrow$  Patient expires

#### Questions

 For this patient with a high PD-L1 TPS – 20 – would you have considered potentially treating with pembrolizumab initially up front, or immediately following their radiation therapy as compared to treating her with a cytotoxic chemotherapy? Do you think that would have made a difference?



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#### MODULE 3: Gynecologic Oncology Journal Club with Dr Birrer

- Biomarkers in ovarian cancer (OC): To be or not to be
- Overexpression of enhance of Zeste homolog 2 (EZH2) in endometrial carcinoma (EC): An NRG Oncology-GOG study
- Association of gene expression signatures and TMB with response to pembrolizumab in recurrent OC: KEYNOTE 100 trial
- Sex hormones, insulin and insulin-like growth factors in recurrence of high-stage EC
- Neutralization of TGF-β improves tumor immunity and reduces tumor progression in OC
- Circulating tumor cells in advanced cervical cancer: NRG Oncology-GOG Study 240

#### **MODULE 4: Key Recent Data Sets**

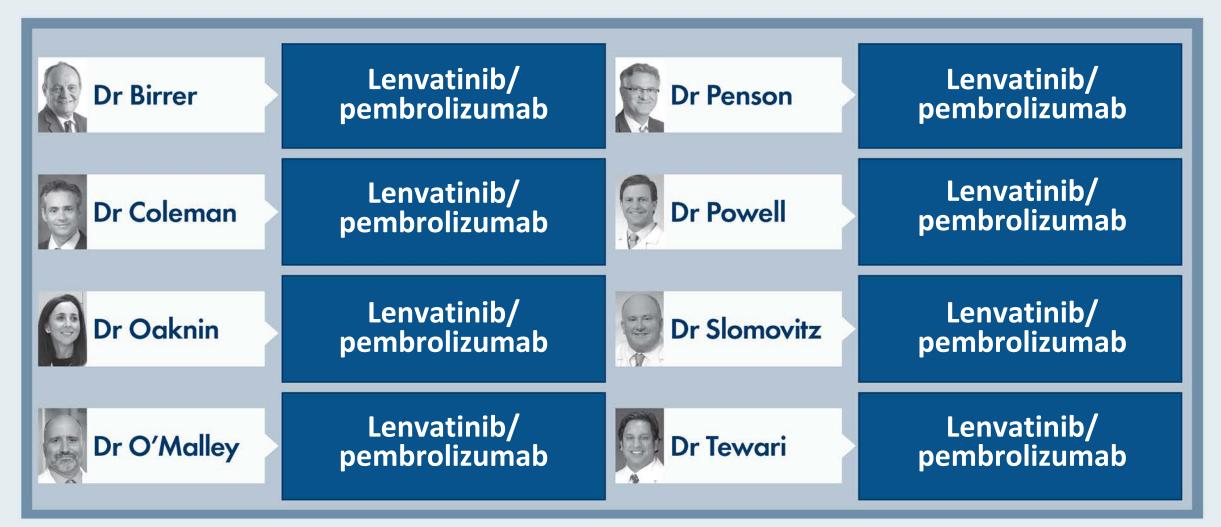


In general, what treatment would you recommend for a patient with <u>microsatellite-stable</u> metastatic endometrial cancer who experienced disease progression on carboplatin/paclitaxel?

- 1. Cisplatin/doxorubicin
- 2. Carboplatin/docetaxel
- 3. Lenvatinib/pembrolizumab
- 4. Test for PD-L1 combined positive score (CPS) and administer pembrolizumab if 1% or higher
- 5. Pembrolizumab
- 6. Other chemotherapy
- 7. Other



In general, what treatment would you recommend for a patient with metastatic endometrial cancer who experienced disease progression on carboplatin/paclitaxel if their disease was microsatellite stable (MSS)?





In general, what treatment would you recommend for a patient with <u>MSI-high</u> metastatic endometrial cancer who experienced disease progression on carboplatin/paclitaxel?

- 1. Cisplatin/doxorubicin
- 2. Carboplatin/docetaxel
- 3. Lenvatinib/pembrolizumab
- 4. Pembrolizumab
- 5. Other chemotherapy
- 6. Other

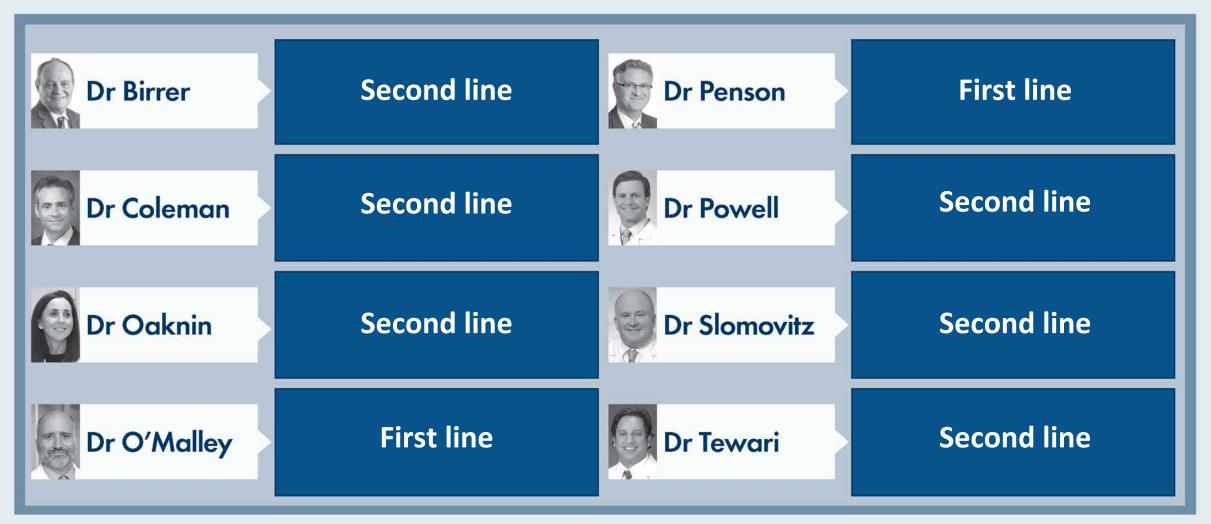


In general, what treatment would you recommend for a patient with metastatic endometrial cancer who experienced disease progression on carboplatin/paclitaxel if their disease was MSI high?

Dr Birrer	Pembrolizumab	Dr Penson	Pembrolizumab
Dr Coleman	Pembrolizumab	Dr Powell	Pembrolizumab
Dr Oaknin	Dostarlimab	Dr Slomovitz	Pembrolizumab
Dr O'Malley	Pembrolizumab	Dr Tewari	Pembrolizumab



For a patient with <u>MSI-high</u> metastatic endometrial cancer, outside of a clinical trial setting and regulatory and reimbursement issues aside, what is the earliest point at which you would introduce an anti-PD-1/PD-L1 antibody?





Regulatory and reimbursement issues aside, in general, what would be your preferred second-line therapy for a patient with MSS metastatic cervical cancer who experiences disease progression on carboplatin/paclitaxel/bevacizumab?

- 1. Other chemotherapy
- 2. Test for PD-L1 CPS and administer pembrolizumab if 1% or higher
- 3. Pembrolizumab
- 4. Cemiplimab
- 5. Other



In general, what would be your preferred second-line therapy for a patient with MSS metastatic cervical cancer who experienced disease progression on carboplatin/paclitaxel/bevacizumab?

Dr Birrer	Pembrolizumab	Dr Penson	Test for PD-L1 CPS and administer pembrolizumab if 1% or higher
Dr Coleman	Test for PD-L1 CPS and administer pembrolizumab if 1% or higher	Dr Powell	Test for PD-L1 CPS and administer pembrolizumab if 1% or higher
Dr Oaknin	Anti-PD-1/PD-L1 antibody in general	Dr Slomovitz	Test for PD-L1 CPS and administer pembrolizumab if 1% or higher
Dr O'Malley	Test for PD-L1 CPS and administer pembrolizumab if 1% or higher	Dr Tewari	Test for PD-L1 CPS and administer pembrolizumab if 1% or higher



A patient with PD-L1-positive metastatic cervical cancer experiences disease progression on platinum-based therapy and has significant symptoms from her disease. If tisotumab vedotin and cemiplimab were accessible, what would likely be your next line of treatment?

- 1. Pembrolizumab
- 2. Cemiplimab
- 3. Tisotumab vedotin
- 4. Other



## Do you generally evaluate microsatellite instability status in your patients with advanced ovarian cancer?

- 1. Yes
- 2. No



## Do you generally evaluate microsatellite instability status in your patients with advanced ovarian cancer?





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#### *Cancer* 2019;125(Suppl 24):4563-72.

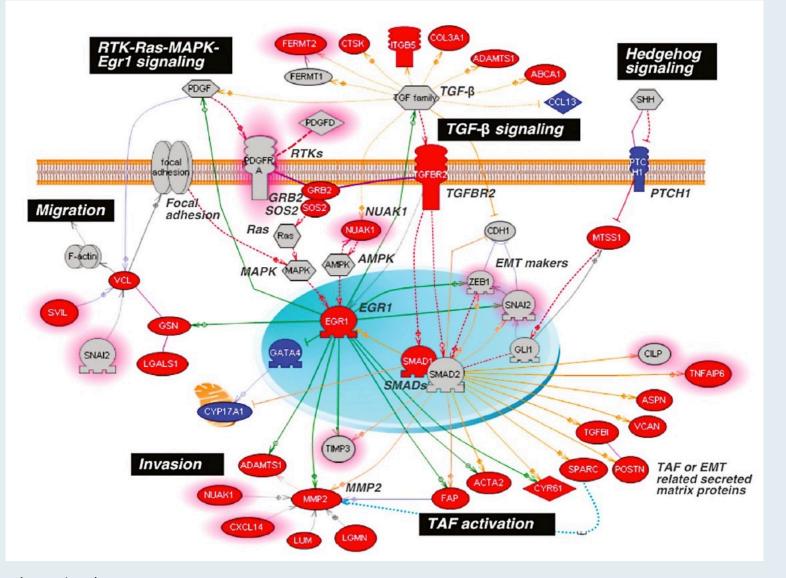
**Review Article** 

## Biomarkers in Ovarian Cancer: To Be or Not to Be

Rebecca Arend, MD; Alba Martinez, BS; Tomasz Szul, PhD; and Michael J. Birrer, PhD, MD



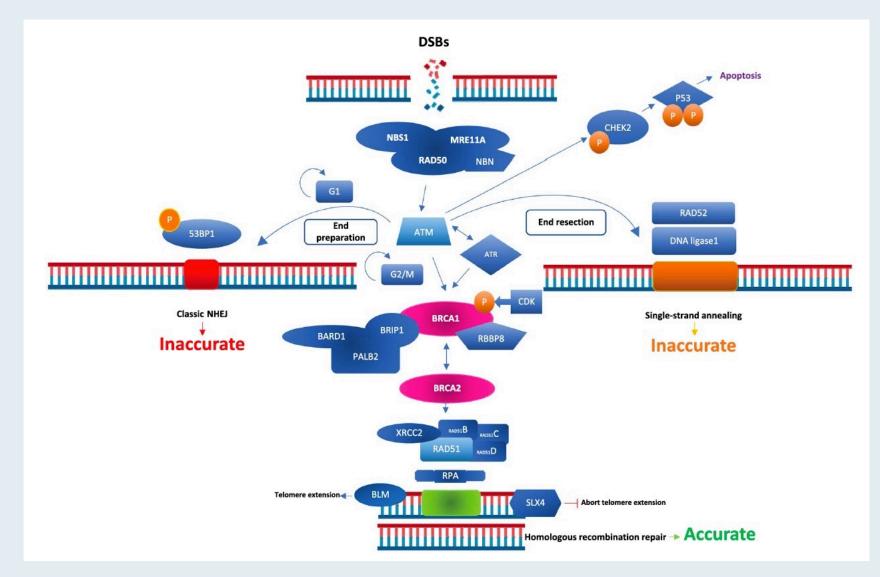
## **The Debulking Signature Identifies The TGF-β Signaling Pathway**





Arend R et al. Cancer 2019;125(Suppl 24):4563-72.

### **Homologous Recombination Pathway**





Arend R et al. *Cancer* 2019;125(Suppl 24):4563-72.

Published in final edited form as: *Gynecol Oncol.* 2020 February ; 156(2): 423–429. doi:10.1016/j.ygyno.2019.12.003.

## Overexpression of enhance of Zeste homolog 2 (EZH2) in endometrial carcinoma: An NRG Oncology/Gynecologic Oncology Group Study

Lauren Krill<sup>a,\*</sup>, Wei Deng<sup>b</sup>, Ramez Eskander<sup>c</sup>, David Mutch<sup>d</sup>, Susan Zweizig<sup>e</sup>, Bang Hoang<sup>f</sup>, Olga loffe<sup>g</sup>, Leslie Randall<sup>h</sup>, Heather Lankes<sup>i,j</sup>, David S. Miller<sup>k</sup>, Michael Birrer<sup>l</sup>



Association of Gene Expression Signatures and TMB with Response to Pembrolizumab (pembro) in Patients (pts) with Recurrent Ovarian Cancer (ROC) Enrolled in KEYNOTE-100

Ledermann JA et al ESMO 2020;Abstract 843P.



#### Cancer Epidemiol Biomarkers Prev 2021;30(4):719-26

**CANCER EPIDEMIOLOGY, BIOMARKERS & PREVENTION |** RESEARCH ARTICLE

## Sex Hormones, Insulin, and Insulin-like Growth Factors in Recurrence of High-Stage Endometrial Cancer

Melissa A. Merritt<sup>1</sup>, Howard D. Strickler<sup>2</sup>, Alan D. Hutson<sup>3</sup>, Mark H. Einstein<sup>4</sup>, Thomas E. Rohan<sup>2</sup>, Xiaonan Xue<sup>2</sup>, Mark E. Sherman<sup>5</sup>, Louise A. Brinton<sup>6</sup>, Herbert Yu<sup>1</sup>, David S. Miller<sup>7</sup>, Nilsa C. Ramirez<sup>8</sup>, Heather A. Lankes<sup>9,10</sup>, Michael J. Birrer<sup>11</sup>, Gloria S. Huang<sup>12</sup>, and Marc J. Gunter<sup>13</sup>



#### Mol Cancer Ther 2020;[Online ahead of print].

MOLECULAR CANCER THERAPEUTICS | CANCER BIOLOGY AND TRANSLATIONAL STUDIES

## Neutralization of TGF $\beta$ Improves Tumor Immunity and Reduces Tumor Progression in Ovarian Carcinoma

Brandon M. Roane<sup>1</sup>, Selene Meza-Perez<sup>2</sup>, Ashwini A. Katre<sup>1</sup>, Whitney N. Goldsberry<sup>1</sup>, Troy D. Randall<sup>2,3</sup>, Lyse A. Norian<sup>3,4</sup>, Michael J. Birrer<sup>5</sup>, and Rebecca C. Arend<sup>1,3</sup>



#### Mol Cancer Ther 2020;[Online ahead of print].

**MOLECULAR CANCER THERAPEUTICS** | CANCER BIOLOGY AND TRANSLATIONAL STUDIES

## Circulating Tumor Cells In Advanced Cervical Cancer: NRG Oncology—Gynecologic Oncology Group Study 240 (NCT 00803062)

Krishnansu S. Tewari<sup>1</sup>, Michael W. Sill<sup>2,3,4</sup>, Bradley J. Monk<sup>5</sup>, Richard T. Penson<sup>6</sup>, David H. Moore<sup>7</sup>, Heather A. Lankes<sup>2,3,4</sup>, Lois M. Ramondetta<sup>8</sup>, Lisa M. Landrum<sup>9</sup>, Leslie M. Randall<sup>1</sup>, Ana Oaknin<sup>10</sup>, Mario M. Leitao<sup>11</sup>, Eric L. Eisenhauer<sup>12</sup>, Paul DiSilvestro<sup>13</sup>, Linda Van Le<sup>14</sup>, Michael L. Pearl<sup>15</sup>, James J. Burke<sup>16,17</sup>, Ritu Salani<sup>18</sup>, Debra L. Richardson<sup>19</sup>, Helen E. Michael<sup>20</sup>, David W. Kindelberger<sup>21</sup>, and Michael J. Birrer<sup>6</sup>



### **Meet The Professor with Dr Birrer**

#### **MODULE 1: Cases from General Medical and Gynecologic Oncology Practices**

#### **MODULE 2:** Beyond the Guidelines – Clinical Investigator Approaches to Common Clinical Scenarios

#### MODULE 3: Gynecologic Oncology Journal Club with Dr Birrer

- Biomarkers in ovarian cancer (OC): To be or not to be
- Overexpression of enhance of Zeste homolog 2 (EZH2) in endometrial carcinoma (EC): An NRG Oncology-GOG study
- Association of gene expression signatures and TMB with response to pembrolizumab in recurrent OC: KEYNOTE 100 trial
- Sex hormones, insulin and insulin-like growth factors in recurrence of high-stage EC
- Neutralization of TGF-β improves tumor immunity and reduces tumor progression in OC
- Circulating tumor cells in advanced cervical cancer: NRG Oncology-GOG Study 240

#### **MODULE 4: Key Recent Data Sets**



## **Anti-PD-1/PD-L1 Checkpoint Inhibitors in Endometrial Cancer**



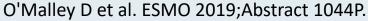
## Pembrolizumab in Patients with MSI-H Advanced Endometrial Cancer from the KEYNOTE-158 Study

O'Malley D et al. ESMO 2019;Abstract 1044P.



## **KEYNOTE-158: Best Percentage Change from Baseline in Target Lesion Size with Pembrolizumab Monotherapy in MSI-High Endometrial Cancer**





### FDA Grants Accelerated Approval to Dostarlimab-gxly for dMMR Endometrial Cancer Press Release – April 22, 2021

"The Food and Drug Administration granted accelerated approval to dostarlimab-gxly for adult patients with mismatch repair deficient (dMMR) recurrent or advanced endometrial cancer, as determined by an FDA-approved test, that has progressed on or following a prior platinum-containing regimen.

Efficacy was evaluated based on cohort (A1) in GARNET Trial (NCT02715284), a multicenter, multicohort, open-label trial in patients with advanced solid tumors. The efficacy population consisted of 71 patients with dMMR recurrent or advanced endometrial cancer who progressed on or after a platinum-containing regimen. Patients received dostarlimab-gxly, 500 mg intravenously, every 3 weeks for 4 doses followed by 1,000 mg intravenously every 6 weeks.

The main efficacy endpoints were overall response rate (ORR) and duration of response (DOR), as assessed by blinded independent central review (BICR) according to RECIST 1.1. Confirmed ORR was 42.3%. The complete response rate was 12.7% and partial response rate was 29.6%. Median DOR was not reached, with 93.3% of patients having durations ≥6 months (range: 2.6 to 22.4 months, ongoing at last assessment)."



Research

#### JAMA Oncol 2020;6(11):1766-72

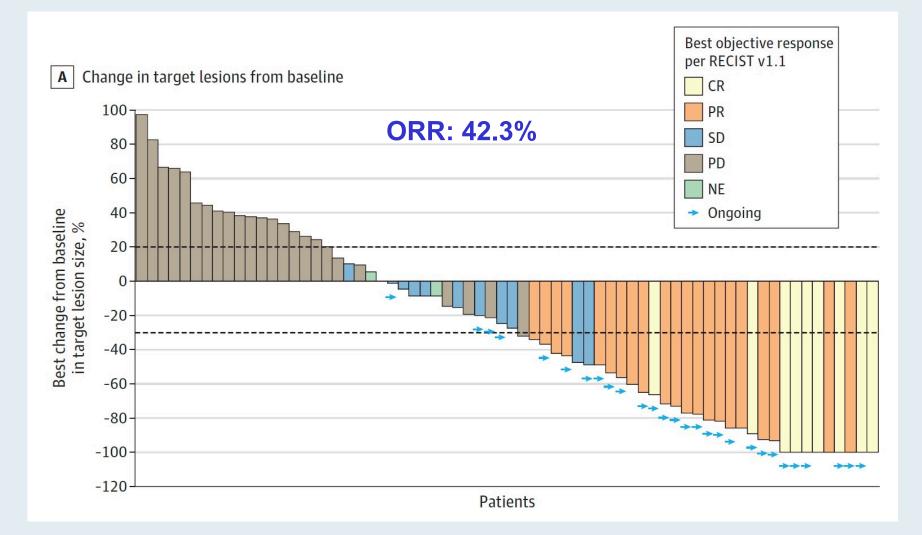
JAMA Oncology | Original Investigation

### Clinical Activity and Safety of the Anti-Programmed Death 1 Monoclonal Antibody Dostarlimab for Patients With Recurrent or Advanced Mismatch Repair-Deficient Endometrial Cancer A Nonrandomized Phase 1 Clinical Trial

Ana Oaknin, MD, PhD; Anna V. Tinker, MD; Lucy Gilbert, MD; Vanessa Samouëlian, MD; Cara Mathews, MD; Jubilee Brown, MD; Maria-Pilar Barretina-Ginesta, MD; Victor Moreno, MD; Adriano Gravina, MD; Cyril Abdeddaim, MD; Susana Banerjee, MD; Wei Guo, PhD; Hadi Danaee, ScD; Ellie Im, MD; Renaud Sabatier, MD



### GARNET: Dostarlimab for Recurrent or Advanced dMMR Endometrial Cancer — Best Percentage Change in Lesion Size





Interim Analysis of the Immune-Related Endpoints of the Mismatch Repair Deficient (dMMR) and Proficient (MMRp) Endometrial Cancer Cohorts from the GARNET Study

Pothuri B et al. SGO 2021;Abstract 10417.



#### **GARNET: Immune-Related Secondary Endpoints**

(irRECIST by investigator assessment)					
	dMMR	MMRp			
Variable	N=110	N=144			
Follow-up, median (range),	<u>16.5</u>	13.7			
months	(0.03-30.6)	(0.03–33.1)			
irORR, n (%)	50 (45.5)	20 (13.9)			
irCR	7 (6.4)	3 (2.1)			
irPR	43 (39.1)	17 (11.8)			
irSD	20 (18.2)	41 (28.5)			
irPD	36 (32.7)	63 (43.8)			
NE	4 (3.6)	20 (13.9)			
irDCR, <sup>a</sup> n (%)	70 (63.6)	61 (42.4)			
irDOR, <sup>b</sup> months	NR	12.2			

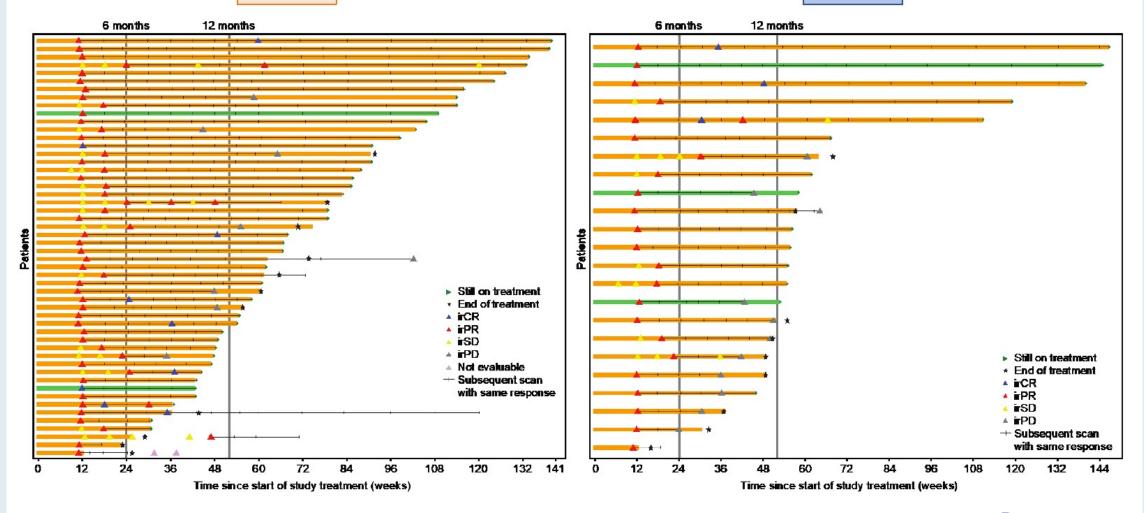
<sup>a</sup>Includes CR, PR, and SD  $\geq$ 12 weeks; <sup>b</sup>Only includes responders.



#### **GARNET: Duration of Response**

dMMR

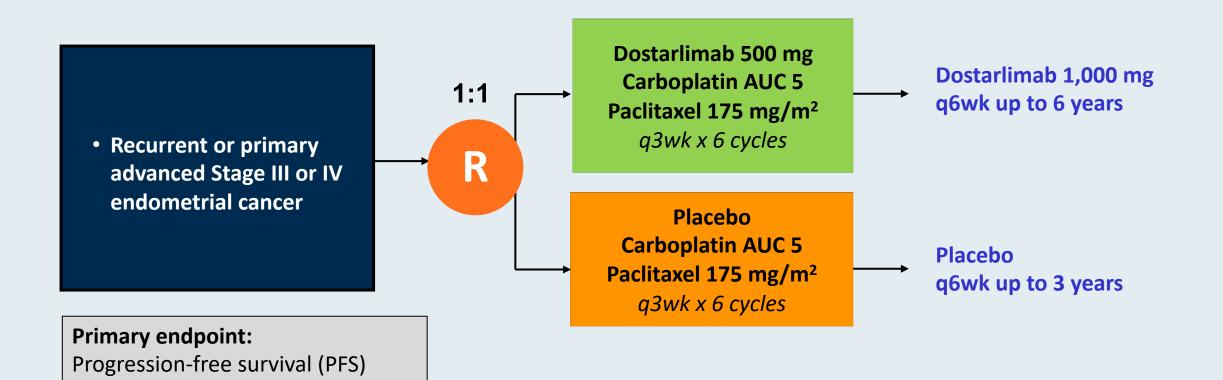






Pothuri B et al. SGO 2021;Abstract 10417.

#### **ENGOT-EN6/NSGO-RUBY** Phase III Schema





Mirza MR et al. ASCO 2020; Abstract TPS6107.

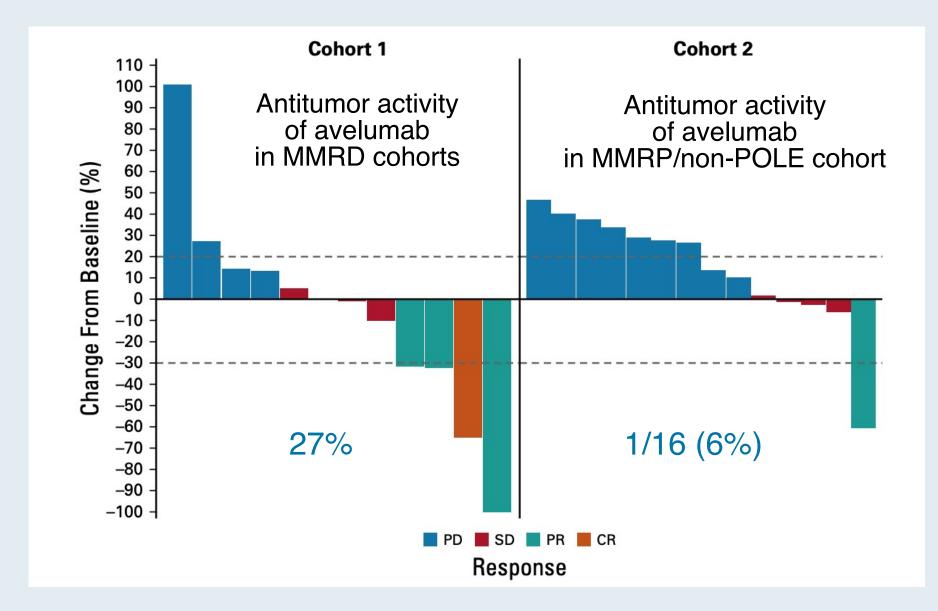
# Phase II Study of Avelumab in Patients With Mismatch Repair Deficient and Mismatch Repair Proficient Recurrent/Persistent Endometrial Cancer

Panagiotis A. Konstantinopoulos, MD, PhD<sup>1</sup>; Weixiu Luo, MS<sup>1</sup>; Joyce F. Liu, MD<sup>1</sup>; Doga C. Gulhan, PhD<sup>2</sup>; Carolyn Krasner, MD<sup>1</sup>; Jeffrey J. Ishizuka, MD, DPhil<sup>1</sup>; Allison A. Gockley, MD<sup>3</sup>; Mary Buss, MD, MPH<sup>4</sup>; Whitfield B. Growdon, MD<sup>5</sup>; Heather Crowe<sup>5</sup>; Susana Campos, MD, MPH<sup>1</sup>; Neal I. Lindeman, MD<sup>3</sup>; Sarah Hill, MD, PhD<sup>3</sup>; Elizabeth Stover, MD, PhD<sup>1</sup>; Susan Schumer, MD<sup>1</sup>; Alexi A. Wright, MD, MPH<sup>1</sup>; Jennifer Curtis, MS<sup>1</sup>; Roxanne Quinn<sup>1</sup>; Christin Whalen, RN<sup>1</sup>; Kathryn P. Gray, PhD<sup>1</sup>; Richard T. Penson, MD<sup>5</sup>; Stephen A. Cannistra, MD<sup>4</sup>; Gini F. Fleming, MD<sup>6</sup>; and Ursula A. Matulonis, MD<sup>1</sup>

#### J Clin Oncol 2019;37(30):2786-94



#### **Objective Response Rate: Avelumab**

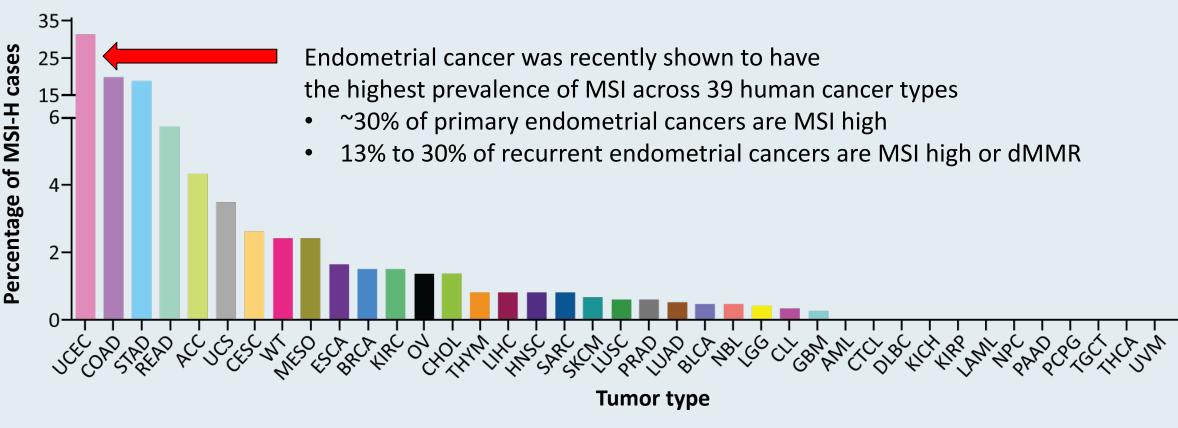




Konstantinopoulos PA, et al. J Clin Oncol 2019;37(30):2786-94.

#### **High MSI Across 39 Cancer Types**

Whole-exome data from 11,139 tumor-normal pairs from The Cancer Genome Atlas and Therapeutically Applicable Research to Generate Effective Treatments projects



UCEC = uterine corpus endometrial carcinoma



Bonneville R et al. JCO Precis Oncol 2017;2017:10.1200/PO.17.00073; Green AK et al. ASCO Educational Book 2020.

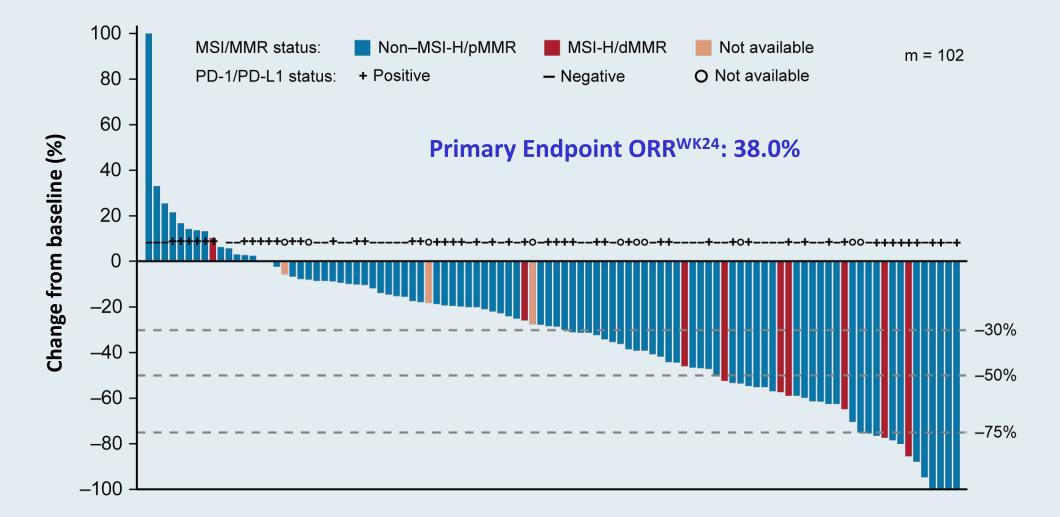
# Lenvatinib Plus Pembrolizumab in Patients With Advanced Endometrial Cancer

Vicky Makker, MD<sup>1</sup>; Matthew H. Taylor, MD<sup>2</sup>; Carol Aghajanian, MD<sup>1</sup>; Ana Oaknin, MD, PhD<sup>3</sup>; James Mier, MD<sup>4</sup>; Allen L. Cohn, MD<sup>5</sup>; Margarita Romeo, MD, PhD<sup>6</sup>; Raquel Bratos, MD<sup>7</sup>; Marcia S. Brose, MD, PhD<sup>8</sup>; Christopher DiSimone, MD<sup>9</sup>; Mark Messing, MD<sup>10</sup>; Daniel E. Stepan, MD<sup>11</sup>; Corina E. Dutcus, MD<sup>12</sup>; Jane Wu, PhD<sup>12</sup>; Emmett V. Schmidt, MD, PhD<sup>13</sup>; Robert Orlowski, MD<sup>13</sup>; Pallavi Sachdev, PhD<sup>12</sup>; Robert Shumaker, PhD<sup>11</sup>; and Antonio Casado Herraez, MD, PhD<sup>14</sup>

#### J Clin Oncol 2020;38(26):2981-92



#### **KEYNOTE-146:** Pembrolizumab/Lenvatinib in Advanced Endometrial Cancer That Is <u>Not</u> MSI High or dMMR After Disease Progression on Prior Systemic Therapy





A Multicenter, Open-Label, Randomized, Phase III Study to Compare the Efficacy and Safety of Lenvatinib in Combination with Pembrolizumab versus Treatment of Physician's Choice in Patients with Advanced Endometrial Cancer: Study 309/KEYNOTE-775

Makker V et al. SGO 2021;Abstract 11512.



#### Study 309/KEYNOTE-775: Phase III Trial Schema

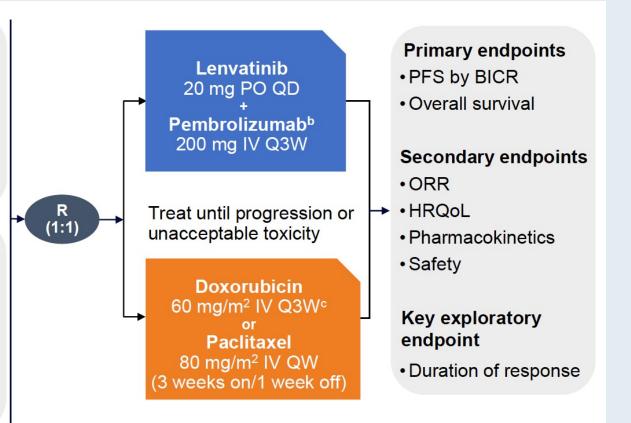
#### Key eligibility criteria

- Advanced, metastatic, or recurrent endometrial cancer
- Measurable disease by BICR
- 1 Prior platinum-based CT<sup>a</sup>
- ECOG PS 0-1
- Tissue available for MMR testing

#### **Stratification factors**

**MMR status** (pMMR vs dMMR) and further stratification within pMMR by:

- Region (R1: Europe, USA, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, and Israel, vs R2: rest of the world)
- ECOG PS (0 vs 1)
- Prior history of pelvic radiation (Y vs N)



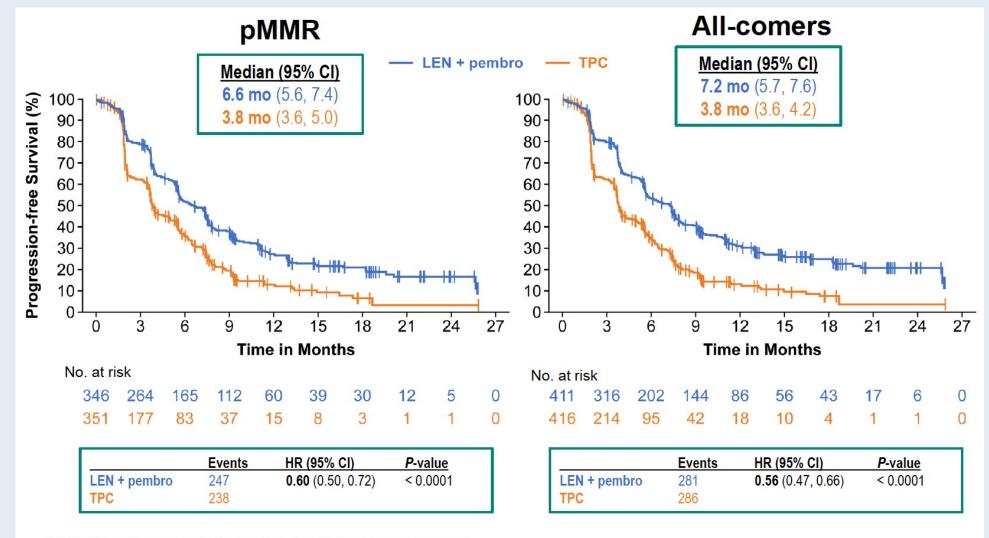
<sup>a</sup>Patients may have received up to 2 prior platinum-based CT regimens if 1 is given in the neoadjuvant or adjuvant treatment setting. <sup>b</sup>Maximum of 35 doses. <sup>c</sup>Maximum cumulative dose of 500 mg/m<sup>2</sup>.

BICR, blinded independent central review; ECOG PS, Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group performance status; HRQoL, health-related quality of life; IV, intravenous; PFS, progression-free survival; pMMR, mismatch repair-proficient; ORR, objective response rate; PO, per os (by mouth); QD. once daily: Q3W, every 3 weeks; QW, once weekly.



#### Makker V et al. SGO 2021; Abstract 11512.



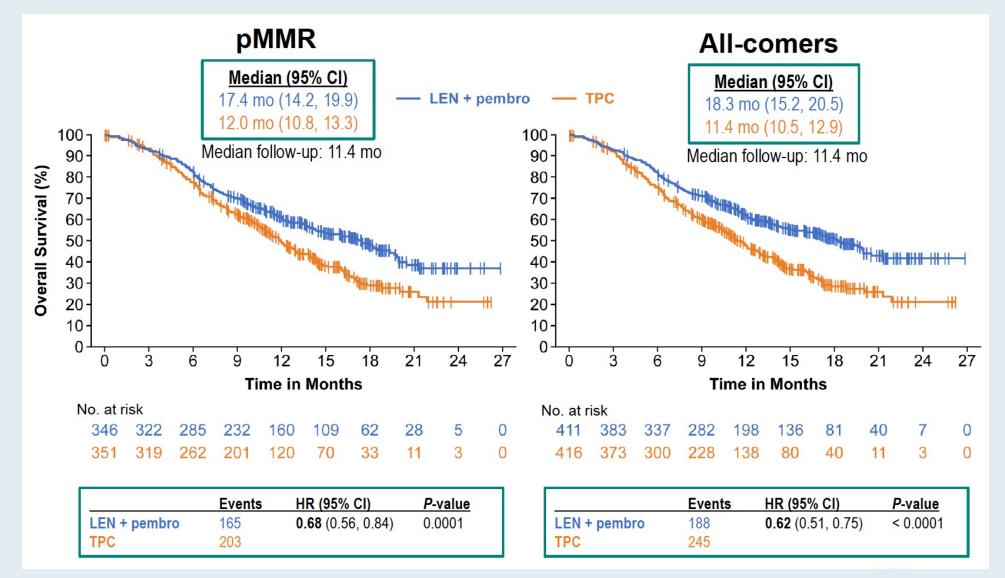


<sup>a</sup>By BICR per Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumors version 1.1.



Makker V et al. SGO 2021; Abstract 11512.

#### Study 309/KEYNOTE-775: Overall Survival





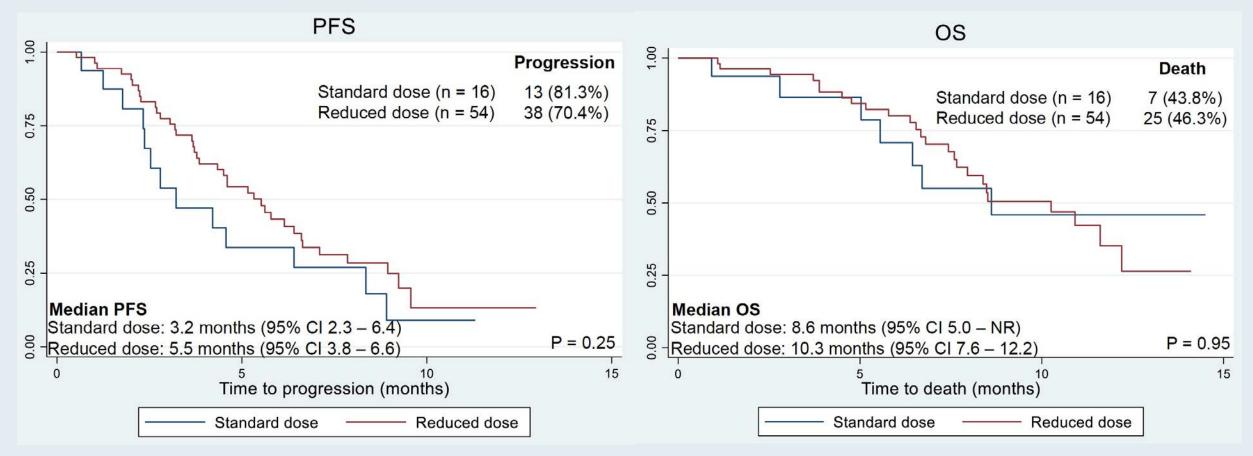
Makker V et al. SGO 2021; Abstract 11512.

The Use of Pembrolizumab and Lenvatinib Combination Therapy in Endometrial Cancer: An Examination of Toxicity and Treatment Efficacy in Clinical Practice

How JA et al. SGO 2021;Abstract 10775.



#### **Retrospective Analysis of Reduced-Dose Lenvatinib (<20 mg) with Pembrolizumab at MD Anderson Cancer Center**



- Reduced starting dose of lenvatinib was associated with longer time to treatment toxicity and fewer dose de-escalations.
- "Published studies and these results may support using lenvatinib at a starting dose of 14 mg daily in clinical practice."



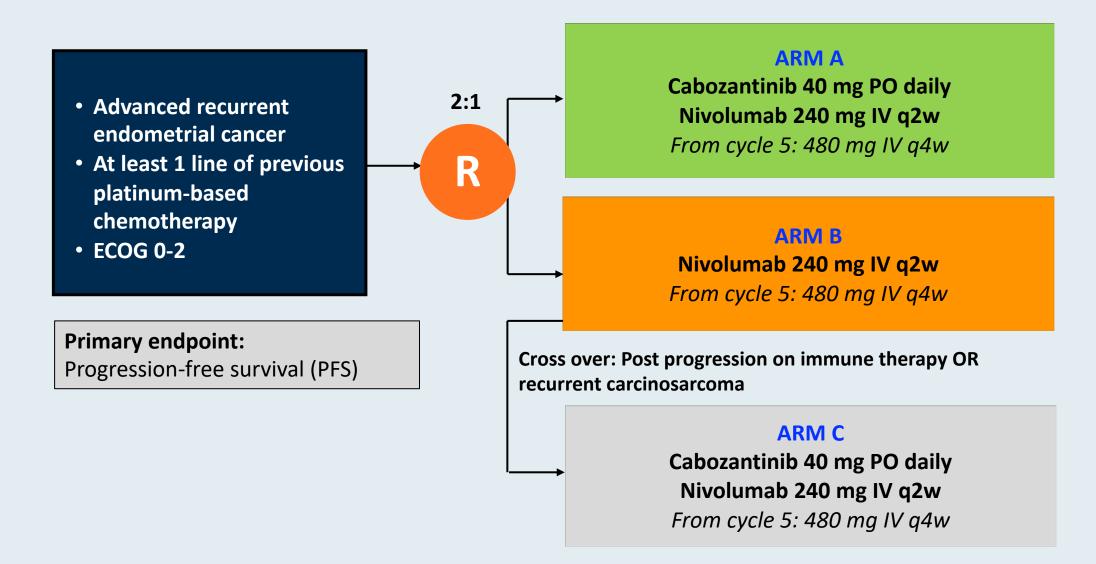
How JA et al. SGO 2021; Abstract 10775.

## NCI 10104: A Randomized Phase 2 Study of Cabozantinib in Combination with Nivolumab in Advanced, Recurrent Metastatic Endometrial Cancer

Lheureux S et al. ASCO 2020;Abstract 6010.

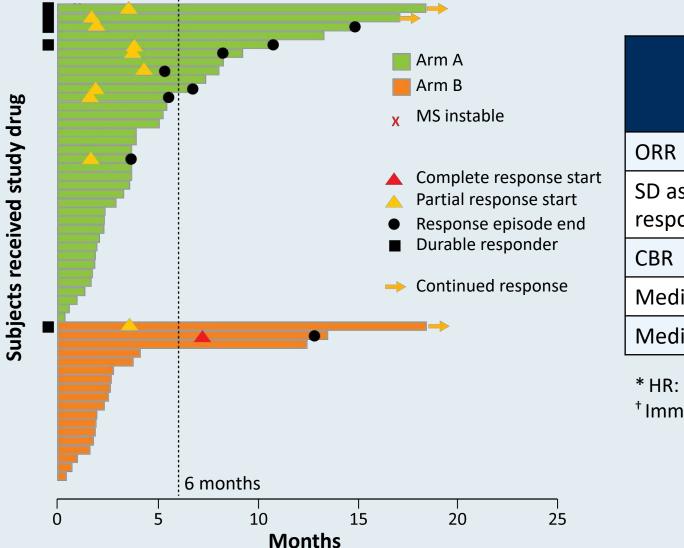


#### NCI 10104 Phase II Study Schema





#### NCI 10104: Response Rate and Duration and Survival Analyses



	Arm A Cabo/nivolumab (n = 36)	Arm B Nivolumab (n = 18)
ORR	25%	11%
SD as best response	44%	11%
CBR	69%	22%
Median PFS*	5.3 mo	1.9 mo
Median OS <sup>+</sup>	13.0 mo	7.9 mo

\* HR: 0.59, significant
<sup>†</sup> Immature, 55% events



Lheureux S et al. ASCO 2020; Abstract 6010.

#### Select Ongoing Phase III Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor Combination Studies

Trial	N	Eligibility	Randomization
KEYNOTE-775	780	<ul> <li>Advanced, recurrent or metastatic EC</li> <li>PD after 1 prior platinum-based chemo regimen</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pembro + lenvatinib</li> <li>Paclitaxel + carboplatin</li> </ul>
LEAP-001	720	<ul> <li>Stage III, IV or recurrent EC</li> <li>May have received 1 prior line of platinum- based adjuvant or neoadjuvant chemo</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pembro + lenvatinib</li> <li>Paclitaxel + carboplatin</li> </ul>
NRG-GY018	810	<ul> <li>Stage III, IVA or IVB or recurrent EC</li> <li>No prior chemo for EC, except adjuvant</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pembro + paclitaxel + carboplatin → Pembro</li> <li>Placebo + paclitaxel + carboplatin → Placebo</li> </ul>
RUBY	470	Stage III, IV or first recurrent EC	<ul> <li>Dostarlimab + paclitaxel + carboplatin</li> <li>Placebo + paclitaxel + carboplatin</li> </ul>
AtTEnd	550	<ul> <li>Newly dx with residual disease after surgery, OR inoperable Stage III-IV naïve to first-line systemic treatment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Atezolizumab + paclitaxel + carboplatin</li> <li>Placebo + paclitaxel + carboplatin</li> </ul>



Clinicaltrials.gov. Accessed August 18, 2020; Green AK et al. ASCO Ed Book 2020.

## **Anti-PD-1/PD-L1 Antibodies in Cervical Cancer**



#### Phase III Trial of Cemiplimab Monotherapy in Advanced Cervical Cancer Stopped Early for Positive Result on Overall Survival Press Release – March 15, 2021

"Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and Sanofi today announced positive results demonstrating an overall survival (OS) benefit from the Phase 3 trial investigating the PD-1 inhibitor cemiplimab monotherapy compared to chemotherapy, in patients previously treated with chemotherapy whose cervical cancer is recurrent or metastatic. The trial will be stopped early based on a unanimous recommendation by the Independent Data Monitoring Committee (IDMC), and the data will form the basis of regulatory submissions in 2021 ...

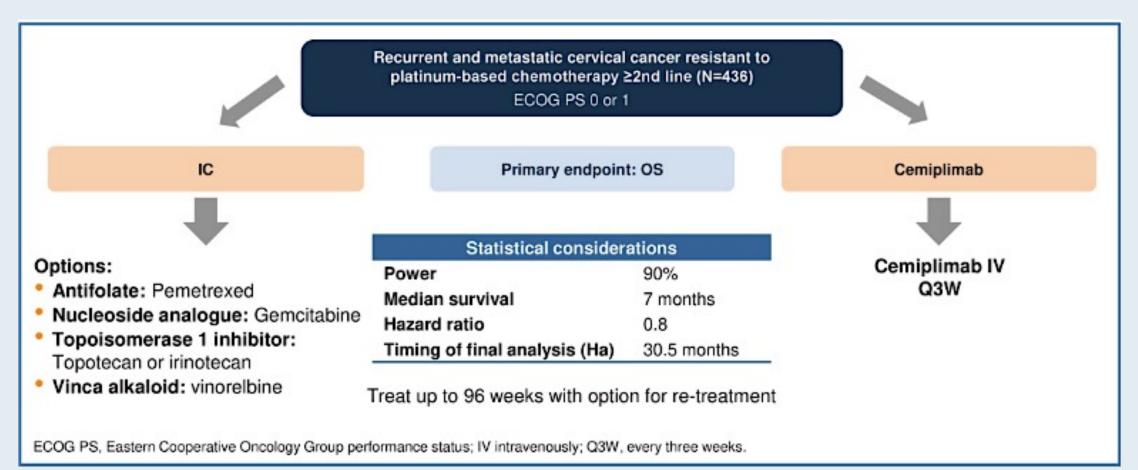
"This is the largest Phase 3 randomized clinical trial in advanced cervical cancer and included women (median age: 51 years) with either squamous cell carcinoma or adenocarcinoma. Patients were randomized to receive cemiplimab monotherapy (350 mg every 3 weeks) or an investigator's choice of commonly used chemotherapy (pemetrexed, vinorelbine, topotecan, irinotecan or gemcitabine). Compared to chemotherapy, patients receiving cemiplimab experienced: Total population: 31% reduced risk of death; Squamous cell carcinoma: 27% reduced risk of death; Adenocarcinoma: 44% reduced risk of death. The primary endpoint for the trial was OS, analyzed first among patients with squamous cell carcinoma, then in the total population...

"Detailed results will be presented at an upcoming medical meeting."

https://finance.yahoo.com/news/phase-3-trial-libtayo-cemiplimab-060000401.html?guccounter=1



#### Phase III Trial of Cemiplimab Monotherapy in Advanced Cervical Cancer: Study Design



IC = investigator's choice



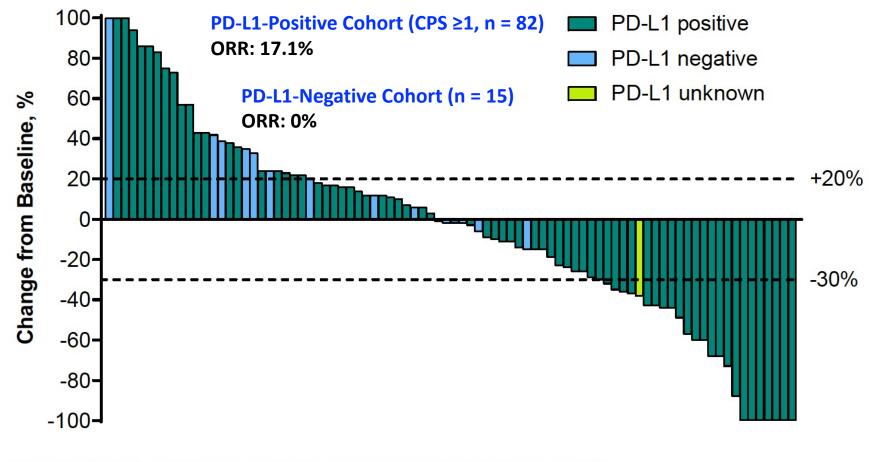
Tewari KS et al. ASCO 2018; Abstract TPS5600.

## Pembrolizumab Treatment of Advanced Cervical Cancer: Updated Results from the Phase II KEYNOTE-158 Study

Chung HC et al. SGO 2021;Abstract 10440.



#### Phase II KEYNOTE-158: Updated Results with Pembrolizumab for Previously Treated Advanced Cervical Cancer



Includes patients with ≥1 evaluable post-baseline tumor assessment (n = 86). Data cutoff date: June 27, 2019.

**Combined Positive Score (CPS)** = PD-L1+ cells (tumor cells, lymphocytes, macrophages) / Total number of tumor cells x 100 Chung HC et al. SGO 2021;Abstract 10440.

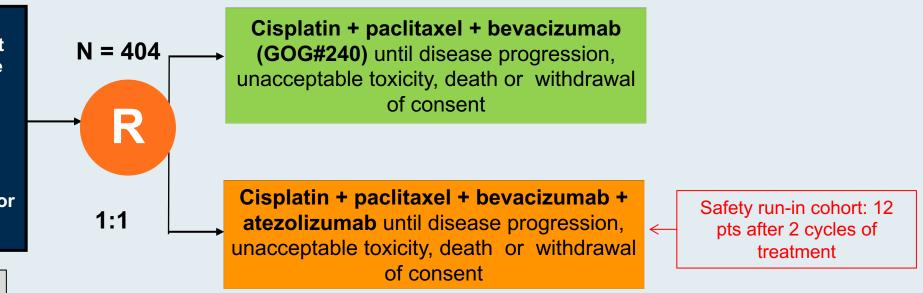


#### **BEATcc Phase III Randomized Front-Line Trial of Atezolizumab**

- Primary Stage IVB, persistent or recurrent carcinoma of the cervix
- Measurable disease by RECIST v1.1
- ECOG-PS: 0-1
- No previous systemic chemotherapy for advanced or recurrent disease

**Primary Endpoints:** Overall survival (OS) **Secondary Endpoints**:

- PFS
- ORR
- DOR
- Safety
- HR-QOL

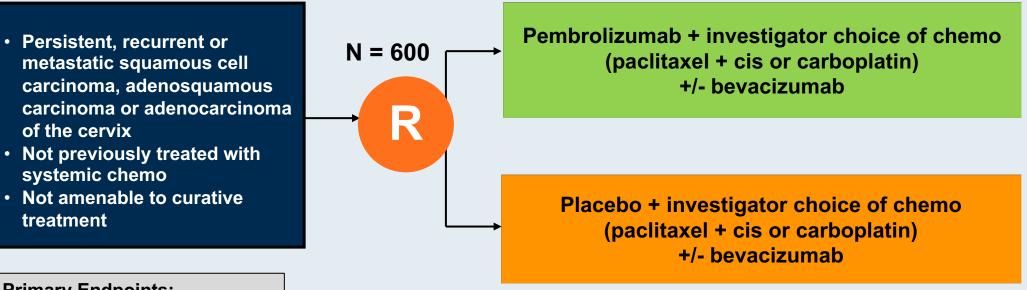


#### **Stratification Factors:**

- Prior concurrent Cisplatin-RDT
- Histology: SCC vs ADK (including AdenoSquamous)
- Chemotherapy Backbone: Cisplatin vs Carboplatin



#### **KEYNOTE-826** Phase III Schema

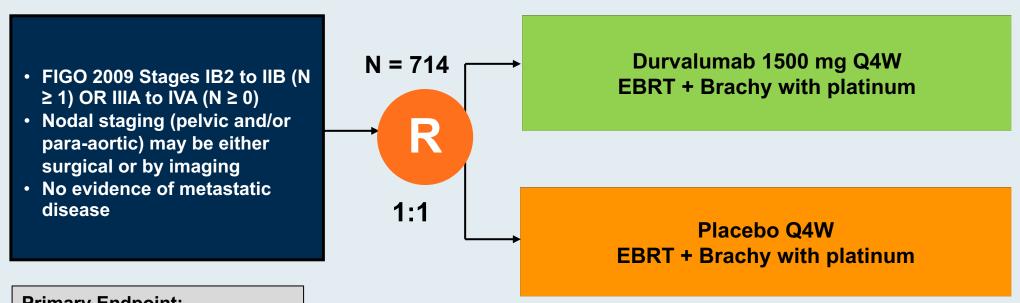


**Primary Endpoints:** Progression-free survival (PFS) Overall survival (OS)



ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: NCT03635567, Accessed August 18, 2020

#### **CALLA Phase III Schema**



**Primary Endpoint:** Progression-free survival (PFS)



Mayadev J et al. Int J Gynecol Cancer 2020;30:1065-1070.

## **Anti-PD-1/PD-L1 Antibodies in Ovarian Cancer**



## FDA-Approved Indications for Immunotherapy in Ovarian Cancer

#### Pembrolizumab: 2017 FDA approval for MSI-high/MMR deficient cancers

- The incidence of germline MMR gene mutations in high grade serous cancers is 1-8%
- MMR deficiency is more common in non-serous ovarian cancer

#### **2020 ASCO ovarian cancer genetics guidelines re MMR testing:**

- Women diagnosed with clear cell, endometrioid, or mucinous ovarian cancer should be offered somatic tumor testing for mismatch repair deficiency
- Testing for MMR deficiency may be offered to women diagnosed with other histologic types of epithelial ovarian cancer



## Final Results from the KEYNOTE-100 Trial of Pembrolizumab in Patients with Advanced Recurrent Ovarian Cancer

Matulonis UA et al. ASCO 2020;Abstract 6005.



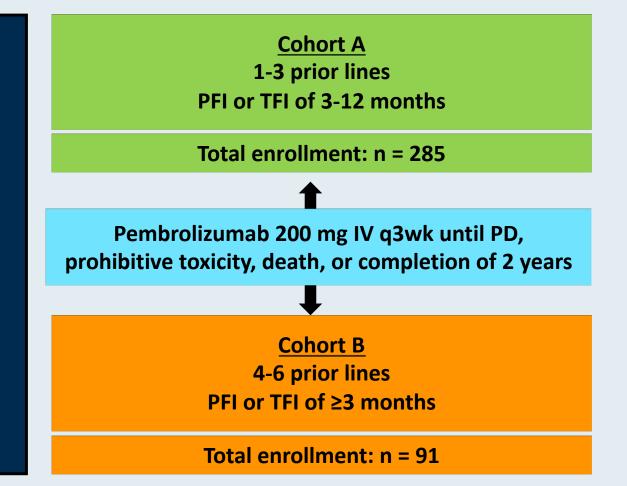
#### **KEYNOTE-100** Phase II, 2-Cohort Study Schema

#### **Patients (N = 376)**

- Recurrent, advanced epithelial ovarian, fallopian tube, or primary peritoneal cancer
- ECOG PS 0 or 1
- Provision of a tumor sample for biomarker analysis

#### Key exclusion criteria

- Mucinous histology
- No bowel obstruction within 3 months
- No active autoimmune disease
- No active CNS metastases and/or carcinomatous meningitis



PFI = platinum-free interval; TFI = treatment-free interval



#### **KEYNOTE-100: Summary of Efficacy, Including by PD-L1 Status**

	Cohort A 1-3 prior lines PFI/TFI 3-12 months			Cohort B 4-6 prior lines PFI/TFI ≥3 months			Cohorts A + B All comers		
Endpoint	All n = 285	CPS ≥1 n = 101	CPS ≥10 n =43	All n = 91	CPS ≥1 n = 49	CPS ≥10 n = 22	All n = 376	CPS ≥1 n = 150	CPS ≥10 n = 65
ORR	8.1%	6.9%	11.6%	9.9%	10.2%	18.2%	8.5%	8.0%	13.8%
DoR	8.3 mo	Not reported	Not reported	23.6 mo	Not reported	Not reported	10.2 mo	Not reported	Not reported
OS	18.7 mo	20.6 mo	21.9 mo	17.6 mo	20.7 mo	24.0 mo	Not reported	Not reported	Not reported



Avelumab Alone or in Combination with Pegylated Liposomal Doxorubicin versus Pegylated Liposomal Doxorubicin Alone in Platinum-Resistant or Refractory Epithelial Ovarian Cancer: Primary and Biomarker Analysis of the Phase III JAVELIN Ovarian 200 Trial

Pujade-Lauraine E et al. SGO 2019;Abstract LBA1.



#### JAVELIN Ovarian 200: Avelumab Alone or in Combination with Pegylated Liposomal Doxorubicin (PLD) versus PLD Alone in Platinum-Resistant or Refractory OC

		umab 188)	Avelumab + PLD (n = 188)		PLD (n = 190)	
All patients						
Median OS	11.8 mo		15.7	' mo	13.1 mo	
	HR: 1.14	, <i>p</i> = 0.83	HR: 0.80, <i>p</i> = 0.21		Reference	
Median PFS	1.9	mo	3.7 mo		3.5 mo	
	HR: 1.68	, <i>p</i> > 0.99	HR: 0.78 <i>, p</i> = 0.03		Reference	
PD-L1 evaluable	PD-L1+ (n = 91)	PD-L1- (n = 62)	PD-L1+ (n = 92)	PD-L1- (n = 58)	PD-L1+ (n = 73)	PD-L1- (n = 66)
Median OS	13.7 mo	10.5 mo	18.4 mo	12.7 mo	13.8 mo	13.1 mo
	HR: 0.80	HR: 1.4	HR: 0.72	HR: 1.1	Ref	Ref
Median PFS	1.9 mo	1.8 mo	3.7 mo	3.9 mo	1.9 mo	3.7 mo
	HR: 1.3	HR: 1.8	HR: 0.59	HR: 0.92	Ref	Ref



# original reports

# Randomized Phase II Trial of Nivolumab Versus Nivolumab and Ipilimumab for Recurrent or Persistent Ovarian Cancer: An NRG Oncology Study

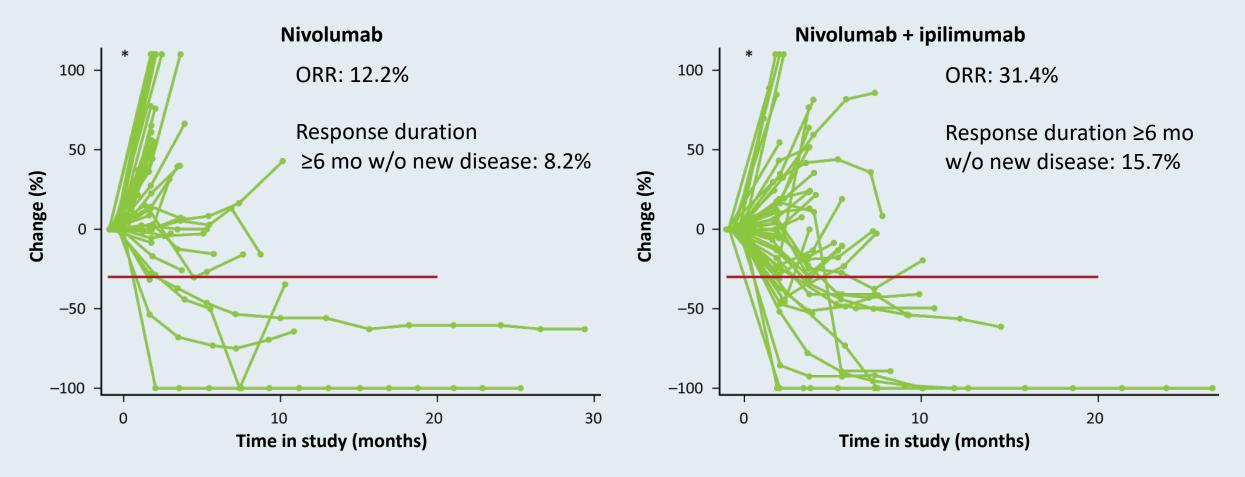
Dmitriy Zamarin, MD, PhD<sup>1</sup>; Robert A. Burger, MD<sup>2</sup>; Michael W. Sill, PhD<sup>3</sup>; Daniel J. Powell Jr, PhD<sup>4</sup>; Heather A. Lankes, PhD, MPH<sup>5</sup>; Michael D. Feldman, MD, PhD<sup>4</sup>; Oliver Zivanovic, MD, PhD<sup>1</sup>; Camille Gunderson, MD<sup>6</sup>; Emily Ko, MD, MSCR<sup>2</sup>; Cara Mathews, MD<sup>7</sup>; Sudarshan Sharma, MD<sup>8</sup>; Andrea R. Hagemann, MD<sup>9</sup>; Samir Khleif, MD<sup>10</sup>; and Carol Aghajanian, MD<sup>1</sup>

J Clin Oncol 2020;38:1814-23



## NRG GY003 Phase II Study of Nivolumab with or without Ipilimumab in Recurrent or Persistent OC

(PFI <6 months: 62%, ≥2 prior cytotoxic regimens: 70%+ of patients)



PD-L1 expression was not significantly associated with response in either treatment group



Zamarin D et al. J Clin Oncol 2020;38:1814-23.

Research

JAMA Oncol 2019;5(8):1141-9

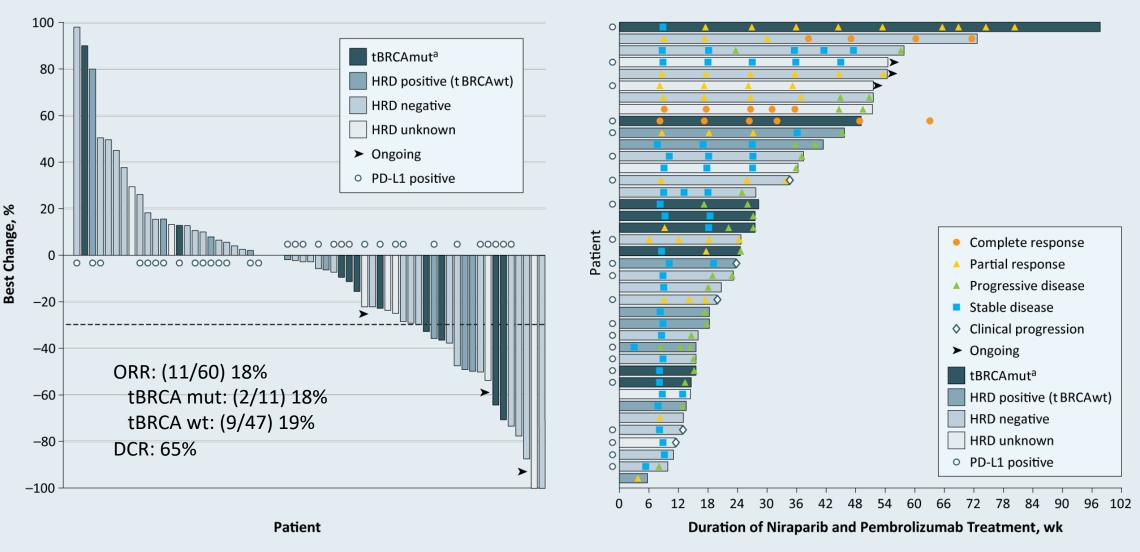
JAMA Oncology | Original Investigation

# Single-Arm Phases 1 and 2 Trial of Niraparib in Combination With Pembrolizumab in Patients With Recurrent Platinum-Resistant Ovarian Carcinoma

Panagiotis A. Konstantinopoulos, MD, PhD; Steven Waggoner, MD; Gregory A. Vidal, MD; Monica Mita, MD; John W. Moroney, MD; Robert Holloway, MD; Linda Van Le, MD; Jasgit C. Sachdev, MD; Eloise Chapman-Davis, MD; Gerardo Colon-Otero, MD; Richard T. Penson, MD; Ursula A. Matulonis, MD; Young Bae Kim, MD; Kathleen N. Moore, MD; Elizabeth M. Swisher, MD; Anniina Färkkilä, MD; Alan D'Andrea, MD; Erica Stringer-Reasor, MD; Jing Wang, PhD; Nathan Buerstatte, MPH; Sujata Arora, MS; Julie R. Graham, PhD; Dmitri Bobilev, MD; Bruce J. Dezube, MD; Pamela Munster, MD



#### **TOPACIO/KEYNOTE-162: Niraparib and Pembrolizumab** in Recurrent Platinum-Resistant Ovarian Cancer



Konstantinopoulos PA, et al. JAMA Oncol 2019;5(8):1141-9.

# LEAP-005: Phase II Study of Lenvatinib (Len) plus Pembrolizumab (Pembro) in Patients (Pts) with Previously Treated Advanced Solid Tumours

Lwin Z et al. ESMO 2020;Abstract LBA41.



### **LEAP-005: Antitumor Activity in Ovarian Cancer Cohort**

:		100 <b></b>	7		6-month rate 47.1%		
		80- 70-	۲ <u>ــــ</u>	l	Pts with Event	Median (95% CI), mo	
_	%	60-		1	55%	4.4 (4.0-8.5)	_
	PFS, %	50-			ц		
-	Δ.	40-			4		
		30-			<u> </u>		
		20-			L		
		10-					
		0	3	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		9	12
		U	3			5	12
		No. at risk		Time, n	nonths		
		31	23	9	)	1	0

PFS: 4L Ovarian Cohort (n = 31)

	4L Ovarian Cohort (n = 31)
ORR	32.3%
CR	3%
PR	29%
DCR	74.2%
DoR (median, mo)	NR



Lwin Z et al. *ESMO* 2020; Abstract LBA41.

Phase II Study of Olaparib (O) plus Durvalumab (D) and Bevacizumab (B) (MEDIOLA): Initial Results in Patients (pts) with Non-Germline BRCA-Mutated (Non-gBRCAm) Platinum Sensitive Relapsed (PSR)

Drew Y et al.

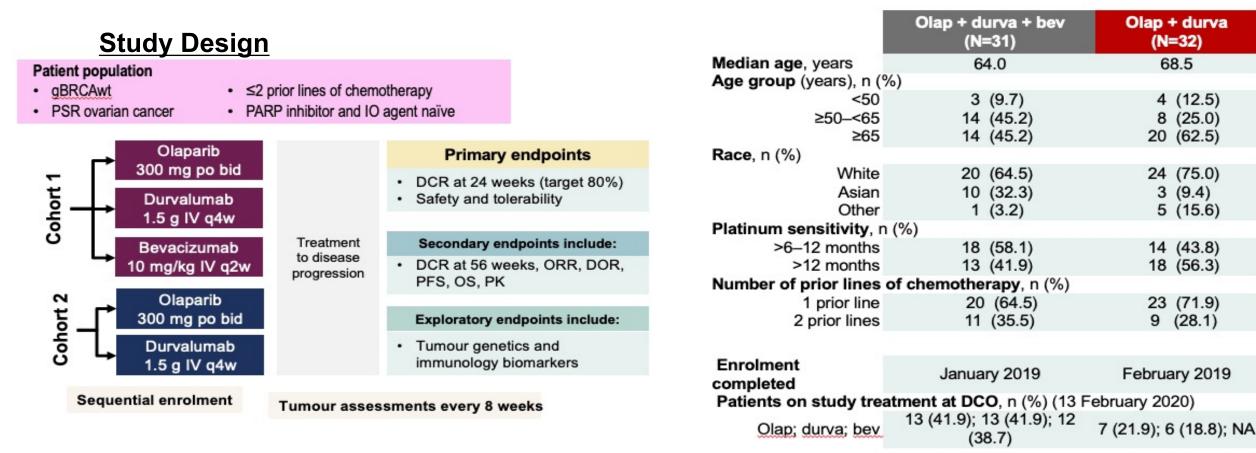
ESMO 2020; Abstract 814MO.

**Ovarian Cancer (OC)** 



### **MEDIOLA: gBRCAwt Cohorts**

#### **Patient Characteristics**

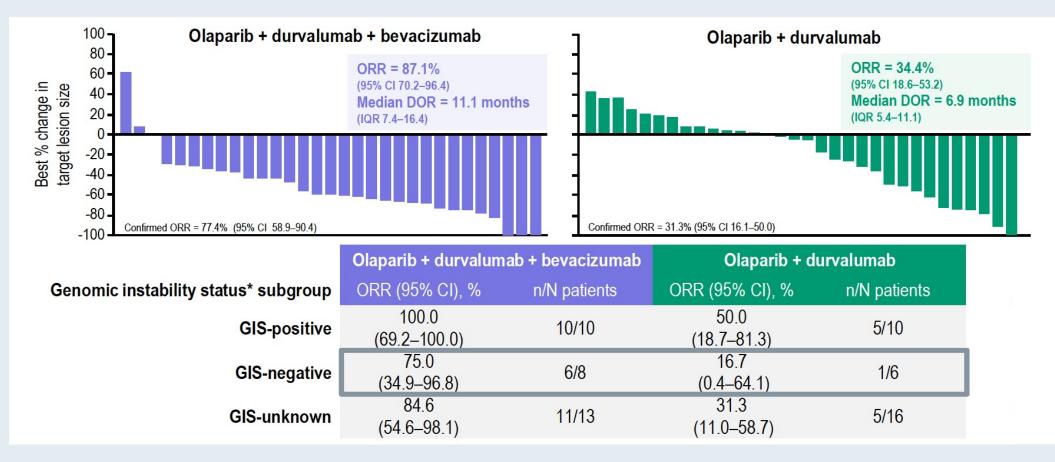




Drew Y et al. ESMO 2020; Abstract 814MO.

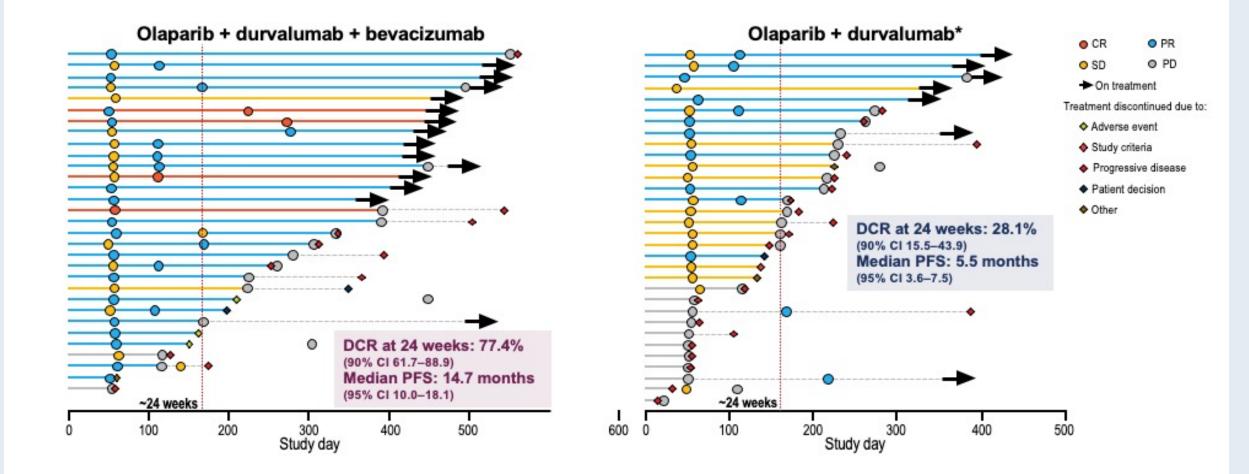
### MEDIOLA: A Phase II Study of Olaparib and Durvalumab with or without Bevacizumab for Platinum-Sensitive Relapsed OC: No Germline BRCA Mutation Cohort

Exploratory analysis suggests ORR with triplet cohort is not dependent on genomic instability status (GIS)





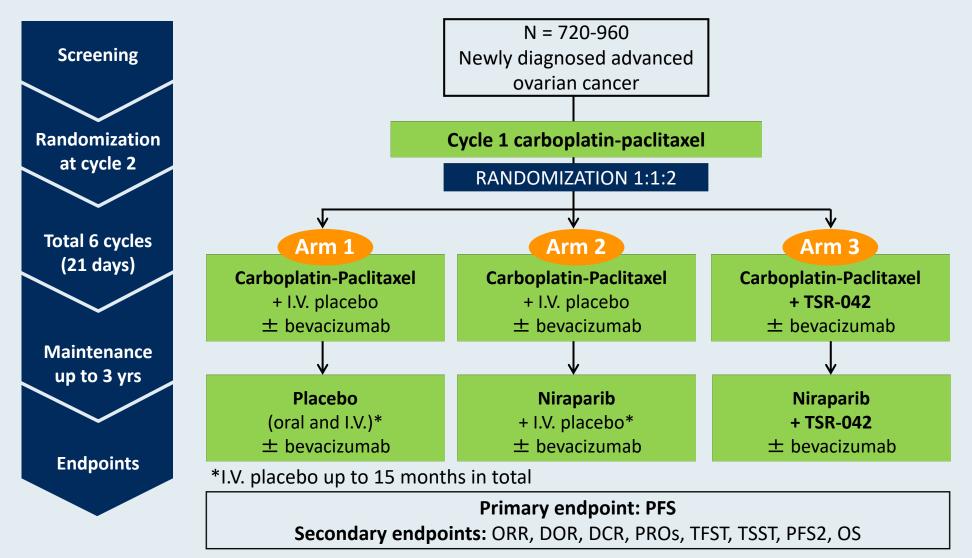
#### **MEDIOLA: TTP or Treatment Discontinuation**



• Triplet cohort showed high DCT at 24 weeks and a long median PFS



#### FIRST Phase III Trial of Dostarlimab (TSR-042) in Newly Diagnosed Ovarian Cancer





www.clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT03602859

Courtesy of Ursula Matulonis, MD

### Phase II MOONSTONE Study Design

#### Eligibility

- Completed 1-3 prior lines of therapy for advanced or metastatic ovarian cancer
- Previously treated with platinum-based chemo, taxane and bevacizumab
- Resistant to last administered platinum agent
- No known BRCA 1 or 2 mutation

Primary endpoint: ORR Secondary endpoints: DOR, PFS, OS, DCR





https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT03955471?term=MOONSTONE&draw=2&rank=1

#### Select Ongoing Phase III Trials of Immunotherapy in Combination with PARP Inhibitors

Trial name (Trial identifier)	N	Setting	Treatment arms
ATHENA (NCT03522246)	1,012	Maintenance therapy after 1L platinum-based chemo	<ul> <li>Rucaparib + nivolumab</li> <li>Rucaparib + placebo</li> <li>Nivolumab + placebo</li> <li>Placebo</li> </ul>
DUO-O (NCT03737643)	1,056	Maintenance therapy after 1L platinum-based chemo/bev ± durvalumab	<ul> <li>Bevacizumab</li> <li>Bevacizumab + durvalumab</li> <li>Bevacizumab + durvalumab + olaparib</li> </ul>



## **HER2-Positive Endometrial Cancer**



### **HER2** Testing in Endometrial Serous Carcinoma

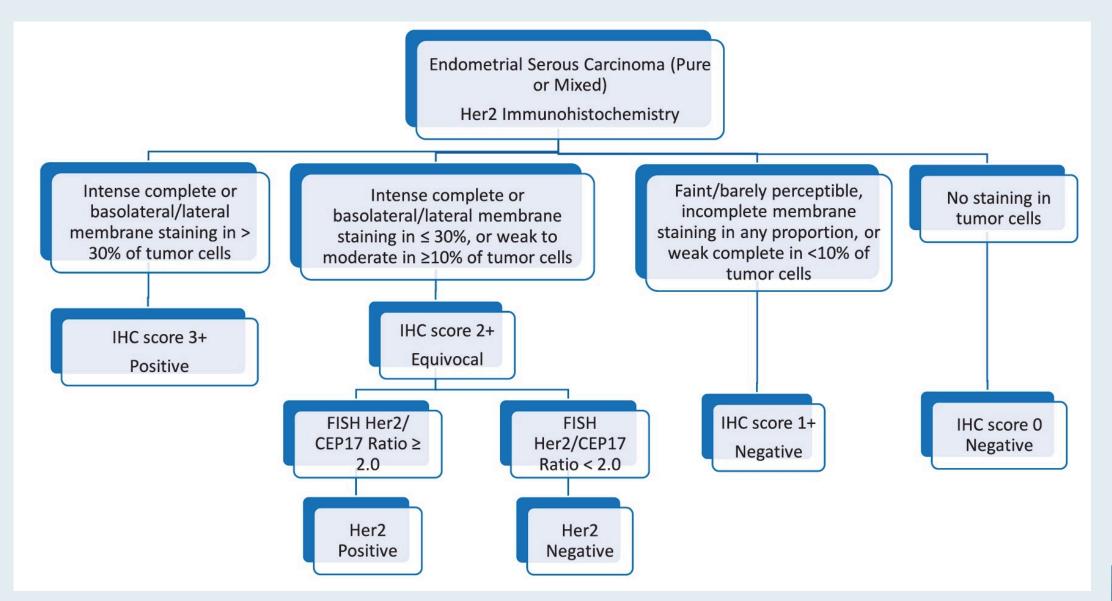
Current Criteria (Approved or Proposed) for HER2 Positivity by Immunohistochemistry (IHC) and Fluorescence In Situ Hybridization (FISH) in Different Tumor Types				
	Breast (ASCO/CAP 2018) <sup>23</sup>	Gastric (ASCO/CAP 2016) <sup>36</sup>	Colorectal (HERACLES Trial) <sup>39</sup>	Endometrial Serous (Fader et al Clinical Trial) <sup>21</sup>
HER2 IHC 3+	>10% circumferential, strong, complete	≥10%, strong complete, or basolateral/lateral	≥50% strong complete, or basolateral/lateral	>30% strong complete or basolateral/lateral
HER2 FISH amplification	<i>HER2</i> /CEP17 ratio $\geq$ 2.0 and <i>HER2</i> signal $\geq$ 4.0 per nucleus OR ratio <2.0 and <i>HER2</i> signal $\geq$ 6.0 per nucleus (if IHC score 2+ or 3+)	HER2/CEP17 ratio ≥2.0 OR ratio <2.0 and HER2 signal >6.0 per nucleus	HER2/CEP17 ratio ≥2.0 in ≥50% of cells	HER2/CEP17 ratio ≥2.0

Abbreviations: ASCO, American Society of Clinical Oncology; CAP, College of American Pathologists.



Buza N. Arch Pathol Lab Med 2020; [Online ahead of print].

### **Proposed HER2 Testing Algorithm for Endometrial Serous Carcinoma**

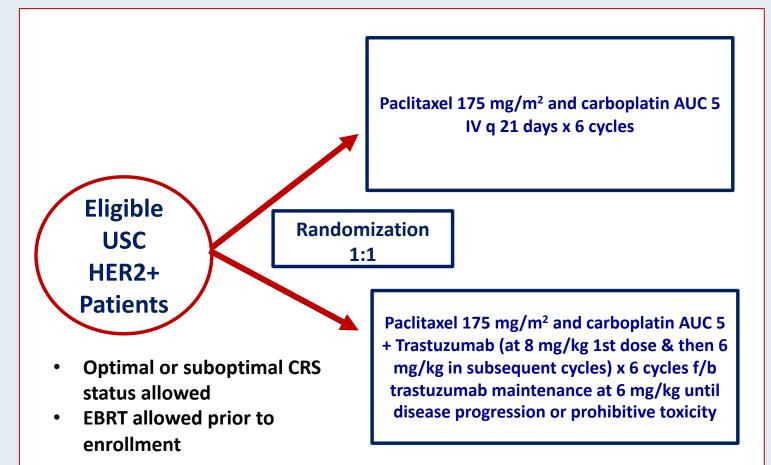


Buza N. Arch Pathol Lab Med 2020; [Online ahead of print].

#### Randomized Phase II Trial of Carboplatin/Paclitaxel versus Carboplatin/Paclitaxel/Trastuzumab for Uterine Serous Carcinoma That Overexpresses HER2/Neu: Updated Survival Analysis

#### Eligibility

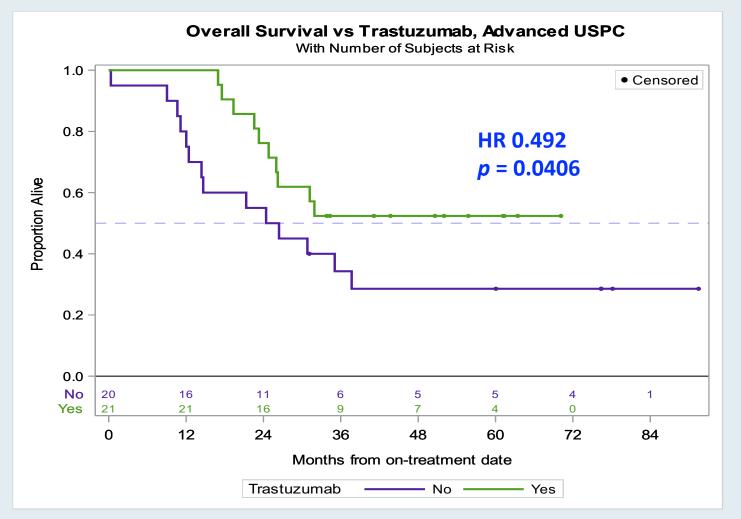
- FIGO Stage III-IV USC or recurrent USC
- HER2/neu+ USC as defined by IHC score of 3+ (ASCO/CAP 2007 criteria) or 2+ with gene amplification confirmed by FISH
- Patients diagnosed with recurrence were required to have measurable disease, defined as at least one target lesion per RECIST 1.1
- Patients with recurrent disease may not have received >3 prior chemotherapies for treatment of their EC, and a treatment-free interval of >6 months from last C/T was required for patients with recurrent disease





## **Overall Survival with the Addition of Trastuzumab to Carboplatin/ Paclitaxel for Advanced Uterine Serous Papillary Carcinoma (USPC)**

 Benefit was particularly striking in the Stage III-IV pts, with a median OS of 25.4 mo (control) compared with an unreached median OS (experimental; p = 0.0406, HR 0.492)



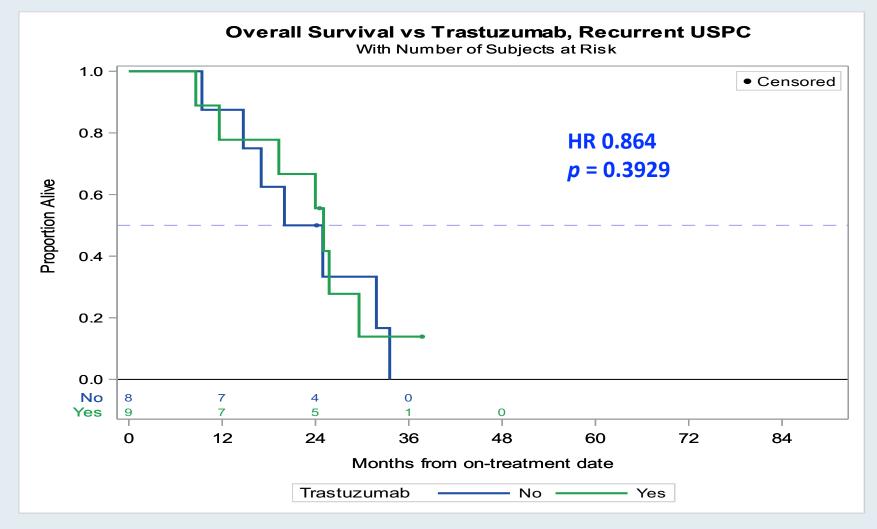
RTP RESEARCH TO PRACTICE

Fader AN et al. Clin Cancer Res 2020;26:3928-35.

Courtesy of David M O'Malley, MD

## **Overall Survival with the Addition of Trastuzumab to Carboplatin/Paclitaxel for Recurrent USPC**

• No significant OS benefit was observed in the recurrence cohort





Fader AN et al. Clin Cancer Res 2020;26:3928-35.

Courtesy of David M O'Malley, MD

# **Carboplatin/Paclitaxel/Trastuzumab: Summary**

- First trial of targeted therapy in USC ONLY patients
- Demonstration that HER2 is an important prognostic and actionable target in USC
- NCCN designation of C/T/Trastuzumab as a preferred regimen in HER2+ USC (Level IIA)



### Phase II DESTINY-PanTumor02 Study Design

Trial Identifier: NCT04482309 (Not yet recruiting) Estimated Enrollment: 280

#### Eligibility

- Locally advanced, unresectable or metastatic disease
- Disease progression after prior treatment or no satisfactory alternative treatment option
- Prior HER2-targeted therapy allowed
- HER2 expression may be based on local or central assessment

#### Primary endpoint: ORR Secondary endpoints include DOR, PFS, OS, DCR

#### Trastuzumab deruxtecan

7 cohorts will be evaluated: Endometrial cancer, cervical cancer, ovarian cancer, bladder cancer, biliary tract cancer, pancreatic cancer and rare tumors



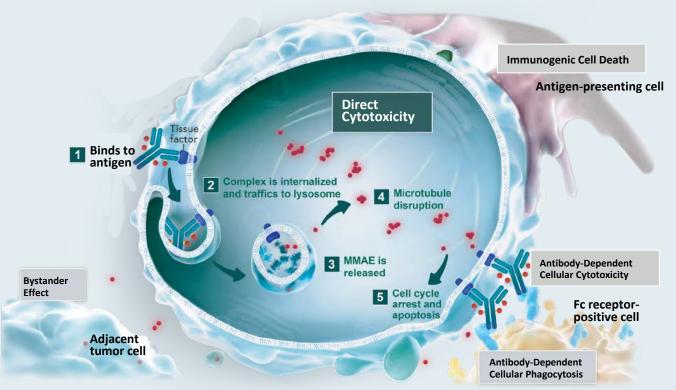
https://www.clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/show/NCT04482309.

## **Tisotumab Vedotin and Other Novel Agents in Gynecologic Cancers**



### **Mechanism of Action of Tisotumab Vedotin**

- Tissue factor (TF) is aberrantly expressed in a broad range of solid tumours, including cervical cancer,<sup>1,2</sup> and TF expression has been associated with higher tumour stage and grade, higher metastatic burden and poor prognosis<sup>2</sup>
- TF expression in cervical cancer makes TF a novel target for patients with cervical cancer
- ADC targets TF
  - Monoclonal Antibody targets TF
  - Payload: Microtubule disrupting MMAE
- Allowing for direct cytotoxicity and bystander killing, as well as antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity<sup>3,4</sup>



Förster Y, et al. *Clin Chim Acta*, 2006. 2. Cocco E, et al. *BMC Cancer*, 2011.
 Breij EC, et al. *Cancer Res*, 2014. 4. De Goeij BE, et al. *Mol Cancer Ther*, 2015.

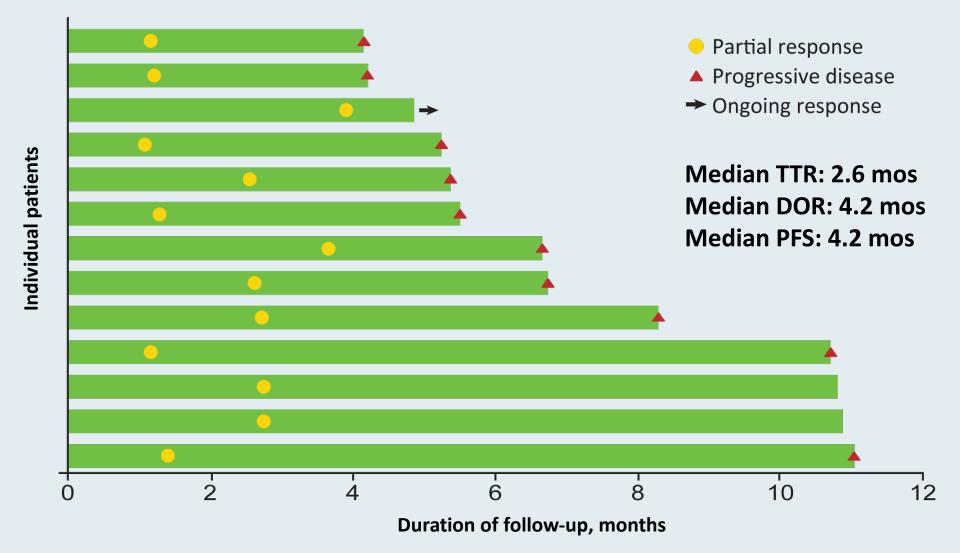


#### innovaTV 201: Best Overall Response to TV





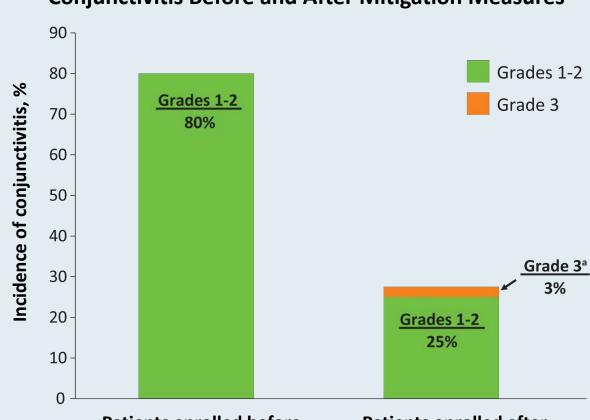
#### innovaTV 201: Time to Response and Duration of Response in Patients with a Confirmed PR to TV



Hong DS et al. Clin Cancer Res 2020;26:1220-8.

### innovaTV 201: Treatment-Emergent Adverse Events

	N = 55		
Adverse events	All grade	Grade ≥3	
Fatigue	51%	9%	
Nausea	49%	5%	
Neuropathy	55%	11%	
Bleeding-related AEs	73%	5%	
Ocular AEs	65%	2%	
Conjunctivitis	42%	2%	
Dry eye	24%	0	
Ulcerative keratitis	7%	0	
Blepharitis	5%	0	
Keratitis	5%	0	



#### **Conjunctivitis Before and After Mitigation Measures**

## Patients enrolled beforePatients enrolled aftermitigation measures (n = 15)mitigation measures (n = 40)



Hong DS et al. Clin Cancer Res 2020;26:1220-8.

<sup>a</sup> One patient with grade 3 conjunctivitis after mitigation measures were implemented. No grade 3 events were observed before mitigation measures were implemented.

## Tisotumab Vedotin in Previously Treated Recurrent or Metastatic Cervical Cancer: Results from the Phase II innovaTV 204/GOG-3023/ENGOT-cx6 Study

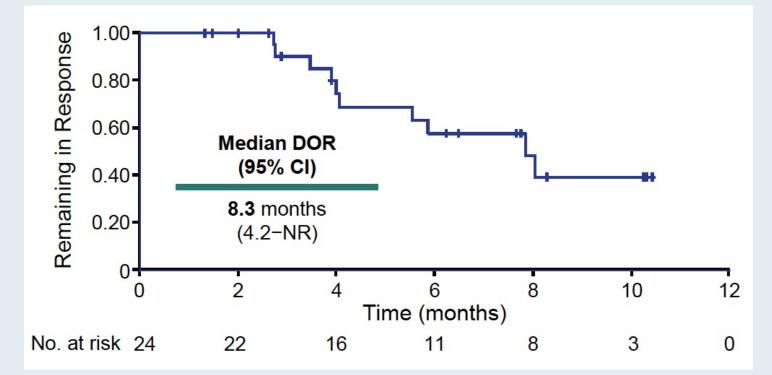
Coleman RL et al. ESMO 2020;Abstract LBA32.



### innovaTV 204: Antitumor Activity by IRC Assessment

**Duration of Response** 

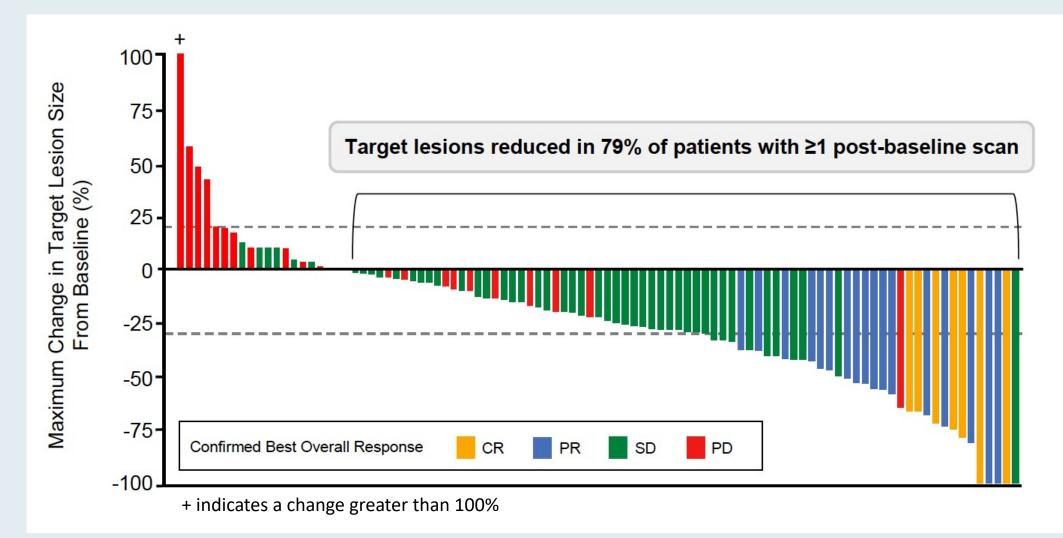
Clinical Variable	N = 101
Confirmed ORR	24%
CR	7%
PR	17%
SD	49%
PD	24%
Not evaluable	4%





Coleman RL et al. ESMO 2020; Abstract LBA32.

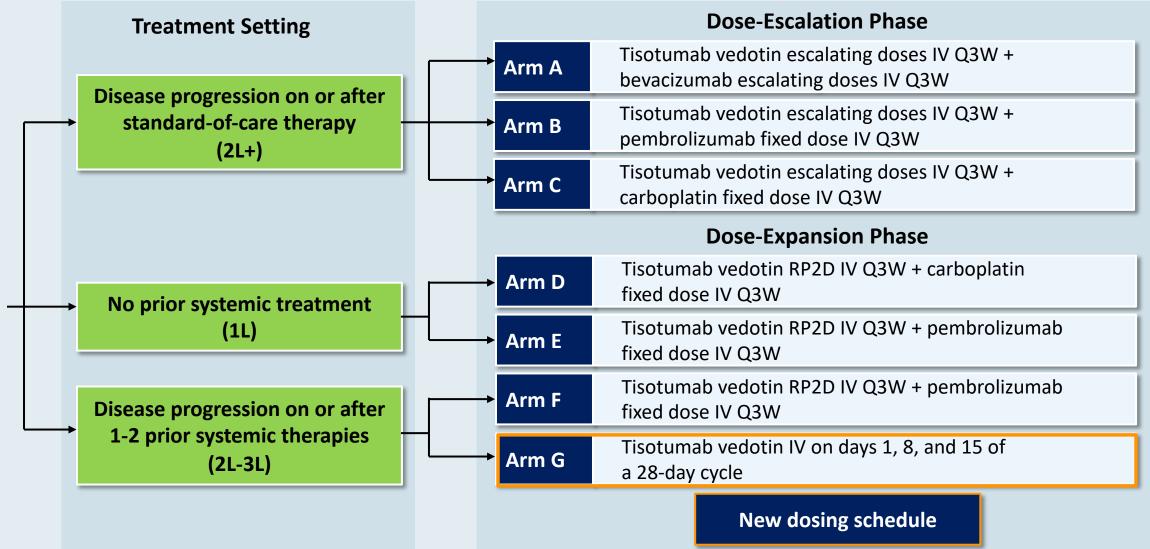
### innovaTV 204: Maximum Change in Target Lesion Size by IRC Assessment





Coleman RL et al. ESMO 2020; Abstract LBA32.

#### innovaTV 205 (GOG 3024): Recurrent or Metastatic Cervical Cancer





Current Concepts and Recent Advances in Oncology A Daylong Clinical Summit Hosted in Partnership with Medical Oncology Association of Southern California (MOASC)

> Saturday, May 15, 2021 10:30 AM – 6:30 PM ET



# Thank you for joining us!

## CME and MOC credit information will be emailed to each participant within 5 business days.

